

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AND CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 (Expressed in US Dollars)

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF CAPSTONE COPPER CORP. FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Capstone Copper Corp. ("Capstone Copper" or the "Company" or "we") has prepared the following management's discussion and analysis (the "MD&A") as of May 2, 2024 and it should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the three months ended March 31, 2024. All financial information has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and all dollar amounts presented are United States ("US") dollars unless otherwise stated. "C\$" refers to Canadian dollars.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This document may contain "forward-looking information" within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation and "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (collectively, "forward-looking statements"). These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this document and the Company does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update these forward-looking statements, except as required under applicable securities legislation.

Forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance and reflect our expectations or beliefs regarding future events. Our Sustainable Development Strategy goals and strategies are based on a number of assumptions, including, but not limited to, the biodiversity and climate-change consequences; availability and effectiveness of technologies needed to achieve our sustainability goals and priorities; availability of land or other opportunities for conservation, rehabilitation or capacity building on commercially reasonable terms and our ability to obtain any required external approvals or consensus for such opportunities; the availability of clean energy sources and zero-emissions alternatives for transportation on reasonable terms; availability of resources to achieve the goals in a timely manner, our ability to successfully implement new technology; and the performance of new technologies in accordance with our expectations.

Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the estimation of Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, the success of the underground paste backfill and tailings filtration projects at Cozamin, the timing and cost of the Mantoverde Development Project ("MVDP"), the timing and results of the Optimized Mantoverde Development Project ("MV Optimized FS") and Mantoverde Phase II study, the timing and results of PV District Growth Study (as defined below), the timing and results of Mantos Blancos Phase II Feasibility Study, the timing and success of the Mantoverde - Santo Domingo Cobalt Feasibility Study, the timing and results of the Santo Domingo FS Update and success of incorporating synergies previously identified in the Mantoverde - Santo Domingo District Integration Plan, the realization of Mineral Reserve estimates, the timing and amount of estimated future production, the costs of production and capital expenditures and reclamation, the timing and costs of the Minto obligations and other obligations related to the closure of the Minto Mine, the budgets for exploration at Cozamin, Santo Domingo, Pinto Valley, Mantos Blancos, Mantoverde, and other exploration projects, the timing and success of the Copper Cities project, the success of our mining operations, the continuing success of mineral exploration, the estimations for potential quantities and grade of inferred resources and exploration targets, our ability to fund future exploration activities, our ability to finance the Santo Domingo project, environmental risks, unanticipated reclamation expenses and title disputes, the success of the synergies and catalysts related to prior transactions, in particular but not limited to, the potential synergies with Mantoverde and Santo Domingo, the anticipated future production, costs of production, including the cost of sulphuric acid and oil and other fuel, capital expenditures and reclamation of Company's operations and development projects, our estimates of available liquidity, and the risks included in our continuous disclosure filings on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. The impact of global events such as pandemics, geopolitical conflict, or other events, to Capstone is dependent on a number of factors outside of our control and knowledge, including the effectiveness of the measures taken by public health and governmental authorities to combat the spread of diseases, global economic uncertainties and outlook due to widespread diseases or geopolitical events or conflicts, supply chain delays resulting in lack of availability of supplies, goods and equipment, and evolving restrictions relating to mining activities and to travel in certain jurisdictions in which we operate. In certain cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "anticipates", "approximately", "believes", "budget", "estimates", "expects", "forecasts", "guidance", "intends", "plans", "scheduled", "target", or variations of such words and phrases, or statements that certain actions, events or results "be achieved", "could",

"may", "might", "occur", "should", "will be taken" or "would" or the negative of these terms or comparable terminology.

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Such factors include, amongst others, risks related to inherent hazards associated with mining operations and closure of mining projects, future prices of copper and other metals, compliance with financial covenants, inflation, surety bonding, our ability to raise capital, Capstone Copper's ability to acquire properties for growth, counterparty risks associated with sales of our metals, use of financial derivative instruments and associated counterparty risks, foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, market access restrictions or tariffs, changes in general economic conditions, availability and quality of water, accuracy of Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve estimates, operating in foreign jurisdictions with risk of changes to governmental regulation, compliance with governmental regulations and stock exchange rules, compliance with environmental laws and regulations, reliance on approvals, licences and permits from governmental authorities and potential legal challenges to permit applications, contractual risks including but not limited to, our ability to meet the requirements under the Cozamin Silver Stream Agreement with Wheaton Precious Metals Corp. ("Wheaton"), our ability to meet certain closing conditions under the Santo Domingo Gold Stream Agreement with Wheaton, acting as Indemnitor for Minto Metals Corp.'s surety bond obligations, impact of climate change and changes to climatic conditions at our operations and projects, changes in regulatory requirements and policy related to climate change and greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, land reclamation and mine closure obligations, introduction or increase in carbon or other "green" taxes, aboriginal title claims and rights to consultation and accommodation, risks relating to widespread epidemics or pandemic outbreaks; the impact of communicable disease outbreaks on our workforce, risks related to construction activities at our operations and development projects, suppliers and other essential resources and what effect those impacts, if they occur, would have on our business, including our ability to access goods and supplies, the ability to transport our products and impacts on employee productivity, the risks in connection with the operations, cash flow and results of Capstone Copper relating to the unknown duration and impact of the epidemics or pandemics, impacts of inflation, geopolitical events and the effects of global supply chain disruptions, uncertainties and risks related to the potential development of the Santo Domingo project, risks related to the Mantoverde Development Project, increased operating and capital costs, increased cost of reclamation, challenges to title to our mineral properties, increased taxes in jurisdictions the Company operates or is subject to tax, changes in tax regimes we are subject to and any changes in law or interpretation of law may be difficult to react to in an efficient manner, maintaining ongoing social licence to operate, seismicity and its effects on our operations and communities in which we operate, dependence on key management personnel, potential conflicts of interest involving our directors and officers, corruption and bribery, limitations inherent in our insurance coverage, labour relations, increasing input costs such as those related to sulphuric acid, electricity, fuel and supplies, increasing inflation rates, competition in the mining industry including but not limited to competition for skilled labour, risks associated with joint venture partners and non-controlling shareholders or associates, our ability to integrate new acquisitions and new technology into our operations, cybersecurity threats, legal proceedings, the volatility of the price of the common shares, the uncertainty of maintaining a liquid trading market for the common shares, risks related to dilution to existing shareholders if stock options or other convertible securities are exercised, the history of Capstone Copper with respect to not paying dividends and anticipation of not paying dividends in the foreseeable future and sales of common shares by existing shareholders can reduce trading prices, and other risks of the mining industry as well as those factors detailed from time to time in the Company's interim and annual financial statements and MD&A of those statements and Annual Information Form, all of which are filed and available for review under the Company's profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those described in our forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause our results, performance or achievements not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that our forwardlooking statements will prove to be accurate, as our actual results, performance or achievements could differ

materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements.

1.0 BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Capstone Copper Corp. ("Capstone Copper" or "the Company") is an Americas-focused copper mining company headquartered in Vancouver, Canada. We own and operate the Pinto Valley copper mine located in Arizona, USA, the Cozamin copper-silver mine located in Zacatecas, Mexico, the Mantos Blancos copper-silver mine located in the Antofagasta region, Chile and 70% of the Mantoverde copper-gold mine located in the Atacama region, Chile. In addition, we own the fully permitted Santo Domingo copper-iron-gold project, located approximately 30 kilometers northeast of Mantoverde in the Atacama region, Chile as well as a portfolio of exploration properties in the Americas. The Company is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX"), and effective February 2, 2024, the Company was admitted to the official list of the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") as an ASX Foreign Exempt Listing.

2.0 Q1 2024 HIGHLIGHTS AND SIGNIFICANT ITEMS

Q1 2024 Financial and Operational Highlights

- Consolidated copper production for Q1 2024 was 42,121 tonnes at C1 cash costs¹ of \$2.88/lb, which consisted of 15,672 tonnes at Pinto Valley, 10,967 tonnes at Mantos Blancos, 9,476 tonnes at Mantoverde, and 6.006 tonnes at Cozamin.
- Net loss attributable to shareholders of \$4.8 million, or \$(0.01) per share for Q1 2024 compared to net loss attributable to shareholders of \$20.0 million, or \$(0.03) per share for Q1 2023.
- Adjusted net loss attributable to shareholders¹ of \$4.5 million, or \$(0.01) per share for Q1 2024. Q1 2024 adjusted net loss attributable to shareholders¹ is lower than Q1 2023 adjusted net income attributable to shareholders¹ of \$17.5 million due to lower realized copper price.
- Adjusted EBITDA¹ of \$80.1 million for Q1 2024 compared to \$66.0 million for Q1 2023. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA¹ is driven by higher copper sold (41.0 thousand tonnes in Q1 2024 versus 37.5 thousand tonnes in Q1 2023), partially offset by a lower realized copper price of \$3.86/lb compared to \$4.12/lb (prior to unrealized provisional pricing adjustments).
- Operating cash flow before changes in working capital of \$62.1 million in Q1 2024 compared to \$41.7 million in Q1 2023.
- At the Mantoverde Development Project ("MVDP"), the Company has continued to systematically commission the concentrator plant with first saleable concentrate expected in Q2 2024. First ore was introduced to the grinding circuit during March, which represents the completion of a key commissioning event. Project total capital remains unchanged at \$870 million. Capstone is focused on a safe, efficient and phased project commissioning and ramp-up.
- In February 2024, the Company and Orion Fund JV Limited, Orion Mine Finance Fund II LP and Orion Mine Finance (Master) Fund I-A LP (collectively, "Orion") closed a bought deal financing with a syndicate of underwriters ("the Offering"). In connection with the Offering, 56.5 million common shares were issued by the Company with a value of C\$6.30 per common share raising total proceeds, net of transaction costs, of \$252.9 million. As part of the Offering, Orion completed a secondary sale of 11.9 million common shares.
- On February 2, 2024, the Company's secondary listing on the Australian Securities Exchange commenced trading under the ticker symbol "CSC".
- On April 5, 2024, the Company and Orion announced that Orion entered into a block trade agreement to sell 62.4 million CHESS depository interests ("CDIs") of Capstone (or the equivalent of 62.4 million fully paid Common Shares of Capstone) at a price of A\$9.50 per CDI, for gross proceeds to Orion of approximately A\$592.8 million. Post transaction, Orion owns 90.5 million common shares, representing approximately 12.0% of the outstanding common shares of Capstone.
- Net debt¹ decreased significantly from \$927.2 million as at December 31, 2023, to \$740.2 million as at March 31, 2024. Total available liquidity¹ of \$539.8 million as at March 31, 2024, composed of \$131.8 million of cash and short-term investments, and \$408.0 million of undrawn amounts on the corporate revolving credit facility.
- The Company reiterates the 2024 guidance of 190,000 to 220,000 tonnes of copper at C1 cash costs of \$2.30/lb to \$2.50/lb, including the H1 and H2 guidance ranges previously disclosed. Total 2024 sustaining and expansionary capital expenditure guidance of \$275 million, plus an additional \$180 million for capitalized stripping, is also reaffirmed.
- The company envisions commencing in H2 2024 an initial **two-year \$25 million exploration program at Mantoverde** aimed at: i) targeting higher copper grades; ii) increasing reserves and resources near the Mantoverde pits; and iii) testing high priority district targets in the northern part of the Mantoverde land package.

Operating Highlights

	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Copper production (tonnes)		
Sulphide business		
Pinto Valley	15,672	12,841
Cozamin	6,006	5,239
Mantos Blancos	9,163	10,847
Total sulphides	30,841	28,927
Cathode business		
Mantos Blancos	1,804	3,275
Mantoverde ²	9,476	8,532
Total cathodes	11,280	11,807
Consolidated	42,121	40,734
Copper sales		
Copper sold (tonnes)	40,996	37,456
Realized copper price ¹ (\$/pound)	3.85	4.17
C1 cash costs ¹ (\$/pound) produced		
Sulphide business		
Pinto Valley	2.53	3.09
Cozamin	1.93	1.72
Mantos Blancos	2.98	2.46
Total sulphides	2.55	2.61
Cathode business		
Mantos Blancos	3.43	3.36
Mantoverde	3.82	4.02
Total cathodes	3.76	3.83
Consolidated	2.88	2.96

² Mantoverde production shown on a 100% basis.

Consolidated

Q1 2024 consolidated production of 42,121 tonnes of copper was 3% higher than 40,734 tonnes in Q1 2023, due to higher production at Pinto Valley and Cozamin mainly on higher grades, and at Mantoverde on higher grades and recoveries, partially offset by lower production at Mantos Blancos.

Q1 2024 C1 cash costs¹ of \$2.88/lb were 3% lower than \$2.96/lb Q1 2023 on higher copper production along with lower main consumables prices and cost saving initiatives.

Consolidated Financial Highlights

(\$ millions, except per share data) ²	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Revenue	339.9	335.6
Net loss	(5.8)	(29.0)
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(4.8)	(20.0)
Net loss attributable to shareholders per common share - basic and diluted (\$)	(0.01)	(0.03)
Operating cash flow before changes in working capital	62.1	41.7
Adjusted EBITDA ¹	80.1	66.0
Adjusted net (loss) income attributable to shareholders ¹	(4.5)	17.5
Adjusted net (loss) income attributable to shareholders per common share - basic and diluted ¹	(0.01)	0.03
Realized copper price ¹ (\$/pound)	3.85	4.17
	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Net (debt) / cash ¹	(740.2)	(927.2)
Attributable net (debt) / cash ¹	(590.8)	(776.6)

² Certain of prior period comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

Mantoverde Development Project

During Q1 2024, the Company advanced commissioning activities at the Mantoverde Development Project in Chile. The Company is focused on a safe, efficient and phased project commissioning and ramp-up. Notably, first ore was introduced to the grinding circuit (principally the SAG and Ball mills) during March, and the project remains on track for first saleable concentrate during Q2 2024.

MVDP is expected to enable the mine to process 236 million tonnes of copper sulphide reserves over a 20-year expected mine life, in addition to existing oxide reserves. The MVDP involves the addition of a sulphide concentrator (nominal 32,000 ore tonnes per day) and tailings storage facility, and the expansion of the existing desalination plant and other minor infrastructure.

MVDP is progressing under a lump-sum turn-key engineering, procurement, and construction (EPC) contract with Ausenco Limited, a multi-national EPC management company, with broad international experience in the design and construction of copper concentrator projects of this scale in the international market. The execution plan includes a Capstone Copper owner's team working with Ausenco during the execution phase. The contract with Ausenco includes the project commissioning and ramp-up.

Key milestones during the commissioning and ramp-up include:

- a. First ore to the primary crusher completed in Q4 2023
- b. First ore to the grinding circuit completed in Q1 2024
- c. First saleable concentrate on track for Q2 2024
- d. Achievement of nameplate operating rates expected during Q3 2024

As of March 31, 2024, cash capital spent at MVDP totaled \$823 million versus the project capital estimate of \$870 million.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 8

A virtual tour of MVDP can be viewed at https://vrify.com/decks/12698-mantoverde-development-project

MV Optimized Feasibility Study and Phase II

The Company is currently analyzing the next expansion of the sulphide concentrator and the optimization of the heap leach and solvent extraction facilities. Capstone has identified that the desalination plant capacity and major components of the comminution and flotation circuits of the MVDP can sustain an average annual throughput of approximately 45,000 tonnes per day. Capstone is working with Ausenco and Global Resource Engineering Ltd to develop the MV Optimized Feasibility Study, including evaluating the costs and timelines of debottlenecking the minor components of the plant to meet the potential increased throughput target. Completion of the optimized feasibility study is expected in the first half of 2024. The Company recently submitted an environmental DIA permit application for the MV Optimized project.

Given the above, the Mantoverde Phase II opportunity will evaluate the addition of an entire second processing line, possibly a duplication of the first line, to process some of the approximately 0.3 billion tonnes of Measured & Indicated and 0.6 billion tonnes of Inferred sulphide resources not in reserves.

Santo Domingo Feasibility Study Update

The Company has continued updating the Feasibility Study ("FS") with contributions from international third parties, including Ausenco and Knight Piesold, and is progressing as planned towards releasing the updated FS in the first half of 2024. Santo Domingo is a fully permitted copper-iron-gold-cobalt project in the Atacama region of Chile, 35km northeast of Mantoverde. The updated FS will incorporate several improvements, including an updated mine plan with a lower strip ratio and modernized milling and flotation circuit with a lower overall footprint and operating cost compared with the previous design. The updated FS will also incorporate recently produced metallurgical testwork data and certain synergies in the Mantoverde - Santo Domingo district. One of the key improvements is the definition of an iron concentration circuit that can produce two different qualities of product: a bulk 65% grade iron concentrate and a premium 67% iron concentrate.

Mantoverde - Santo Domingo Cobalt Study

A district cobalt plant for Mantoverde - Santo Domingo may allow for low-cost by-product cobalt production while producing a by-product of sulphuric acid to be consumed internally to further significantly lower operating costs in the cathode process at Mantoverde.

The cobalt recovery process comprises a pyrite flotation step to recover cobaltiferous pyrite from MVDP tails and redirect it to the dynamic heap leach pads, which will be upgraded to a bio-leach configuration through the addition of an aeration system. The pyrite oxidizes in the leach pads and the solubilized cobalt is recovered via an ion exchange plant treating a bleed stream from the copper solvent extraction plant. The approach has been successfully demonstrated at the bench scale, and onsite piloting commenced in January 2024.

Engineering has commenced for a small plant treating only Mantoverde pyrite concentrates to produce up to 1,500 tonnes per annum ("tpa") of contained cobalt. In line with this, Santo Domingo has started a study to assess, as part of the copper/iron circuit overall layout optimization being conducted by Ausenco, the optimum process configuration for the pyrite flotation and pumping transportation facilities needed to transport pyrite concentrate to Mantoverde's leach facilities. This information will be part of the MV-SD cobalt study expected by the end of 2024.

At a combined MV-SD target of 4.5 to 6.0 thousand tpa of mined cobalt production, this would be one of the largest and lowest cost cobalt producers in the world, outside of Indonesia and the DRC.

PV District Growth Study

The company continues to review and evaluate the consolidation potential of the Pinto Valley district. Opportunities under evaluation include a potential mill expansion and increased leaching capacity supported by optimized water, heap and dump leach, and tailings infrastructure. District consolidation could unlock significant ESG opportunities and may transform our approach to create value for all stakeholders in the Globe-Miami District.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 9

Management Additions

Effective February 20, 2024, David Taylor joined Capstone as Vice President, Health & Safety ("HSE"). Mr. Taylor brings with him 28 years of HSE experience in various sectors including mining, civil and mining infrastructure construction and engineering services and experience working in both Latin and North America. Over the course of his career, Mr. Taylor has worked at Stantec, Golder Associates, Stratcon, Sierra Gorda SCM, SNC Lavalin, amongst others

Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Highlights

At Mantos Blancos, 100% of the 2023 electricity use was covered by renewable electricity certified sources. The Company is working towards transitioning to 50% renewable electricity in Chile by 2025, and more than 90% renewable electricity across Capstone by 2030.

Mantoverde and Mantos Blancos received ISO 50001 Energy Efficiency Management System certification.

Greenhouse gas emissions and Energy Management teams were formed at all sites to lead the development of operating level greenhouse gas emissions and energy reduction plans.

Corporate Exploration Update

Cozamin: Infill drilling at Mala Noche Main Vein West Target was conducted in Q1 2024 utilizing one underground rig positioned at the level 19.1 cross-cut. The initial mineral resource estimate for this target is planned for May 2024.

Copper Cities, Arizona: On January 20, 2022, Capstone Mining announced that it had entered into an 18-month access agreement with BHP Copper Inc. ("BHP") to conduct drill and metallurgical test-work at BHP's Copper Cities project ("Copper Cities"), located approximately 10 km east of the Pinto Valley mine. An amendment to the agreement was completed in March 2023 extending the term by another six months. A second amendment to the agreement now extends the term further to September 2024. Drilling with two surface rigs twinning historical drill holes was completed in 2022 with metallurgical testing continuing in 2024. As explained in the PV District Growth Study section, district consolidation opportunities are being evaluated.

Mantoverde, Santo Domingo, and Mantos Blancos, Chile: Infill drilling was conducted during Q1, 2024 in both Mantoverde and Mantos Blancos pits. District exploration activities included the completion of rock geochemistry and additional surface mapping program north of Mantoverde district to support additional targeting for near-mine and resource expansion opportunities.

The Company envisions commencing in H2 2024 an initial two-year \$25 million exploration program at Mantoverde which is planned to include over 61,500 metres of drilling. This program aims to: i) target higher copper grades; ii) explore new areas adjacent or inside the current Mantoverde pits with the potential to add new reserves and/or resources; and iii) test high priority targets in the northern area of the Mantoverde land package with the potential to support the MV-SD District.

2.1 2024 Guidance

The Company reiterates its 2024 consolidated production, C1 cash costs¹, and capital expenditures (including capitalized stripping) guidance of 190-220kt of copper, \$2.30 to \$2.50 per payable pound and \$455 million, respectively. The Company also reiterates the first half (H1) and second half (H2) production and cost guidance ranges announced on January 24, 2024. We expect production to be back-half weighted, with sequential quarter-over-quarter improvements in copper production, driven largely by the ramp-up at the Mantoverde Development Project.

MVDP remains on track and on budget, with first saleable concentrate expected in Q2 2024 and the achievement of nameplate operating rates expected during Q3 2024.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 10

3.0 OPERATIONAL REVIEW

3.1 Pinto Valley Mine – Miami, Arizona Operating Statistics

	2024			2023		
	Q1	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Production (contained) ²						
Copper in Concentrate (tonnes)	14,892	12,246	11,878	12,968	15,286	52,378
Cathode (tonnes)	780	595	813	657	647	2,712
Total Copper (tonnes)	15,672	12,841	12,691	13,625	15,933	55,090
Mining						
Waste (000s tonnes)	2,770	3,197	3,239	4,428	4,930	15,794
Ore (000s tonnes)	3,603	4,419	3,887	3,733	4,191	16,230
Total (000s tonnes)	6,373	7,616	7,126	8,161	9,121	32,024
Strip Ratio (Waste:Ore)	0.77	0.72	0.83	1.19	1.18	0.97
Rehandled ore and stockpile (000s tonnes)	2,088	1,844	1,079	1,697	1,722	6,342
Total material moved (000s tonnes)	8,461	9,460	8,205	9,858	10,843	38,366
Processing						
Throughput (000s tonnes)	4,774	4,699	4,035	4,363	4,888	17,985
Tonnes per day	52,458	52,207	44,336	47,426	53,134	49,273
Grade (%) ³	0.36	0.30	0.34	0.34	0.36	0.33
Recoveries (%) ³	87.7	86.8	87.4	87.4	86.5	87.2
Payable copper produced (tonnes)	15,151	12,413	12,276	13,171	15,397	53,257
Copper C1 cash cost ¹ (\$/pound payable copper produced)	2.53	3.09	2.98	2.83	2.36	2.79
Adjusted EBITDA ¹ (\$ millions)	38.8	41.2	17.8	24.9	41.8	125.7

² Adjustments based on final settlements will be made in future quarters

2024 versus 2023 Insights

Q1 2024 production was 22% higher than Q1 2023 due to significantly higher mill feed grade (0.36% in Q1 2024 versus 0.30% in Q1 2023) and higher recoveries (87.7% Q1 2024 versus 86.8% Q1 2023).

Q1 2024 C1 cash costs¹ of \$2.53/lb were 18% lower compared to the same period last year of \$3.09/lb primarily due to higher production volume in the quarter (\$0.56/lb) along with lower costs on grinding media and diesel from favorable pricing contracts executed in 2024 (\$3.31/gal in Q1 2024 versus \$3.70/gal in Q1 2023), lower property taxes and insurance costs, partially offset by increased mining costs due to spend on equipment maintenance and inflationary increases for electricity cost (\$0.067/kWh in Q1 2024 versus \$0.057/kWh in Q1 2023).

Capital Expenditures

Sustaining capital¹ in Q1 2024 of \$5.8 million was spent primarily on investing in infrastructure upgrades that will increase water reclaim, the tailings buttress project, electrical infrastructure and mining equipment component replacements. Capitalized stripping increased in Q1 2024 compared to the same period last year as waste removal from the northwest section of phase 3 was increased due to increased truck availability.

(\$ millions)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Capitalized stripping	8.4	0.5
Sustaining capital ¹	5.8	9.3
Expansionary capital ¹	0.6	0.6
Pinto Valley mine additions	14.8	10.4

Grade and recoveries were estimated based on concentrate production and may be impacted by settlements from prior production periods.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 11

3.2 Mantos Blancos – Antofagasta, Chile

Operating Statistics

	2024	2023				
	Q1	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Production (contained metal and cathode) ²						
Copper in Concentrate (tonnes)	9,163	10,847	8,358	9,133	9,664	38,002
Cathode (tonnes)	1,804	3,275	3,292	3,030	1,923	11,520
Total Copper (tonnes)	10,967	14,122	11,650	12,163	11,587	49,522
Mining						
Waste (000s tonnes)	13,203	12,906	13,545	13,945	14,876	55,272
Ore (000s tonnes)	3,413	7,443	6,374	4,674	3,383	21,874
Total (000s tonnes)	16,616	20,349	19,919	18,619	18,259	77,146
Strip Ratio (Waste:Ore)	3.87	1.73	2.13	2.98	4.40	2.53
Rehandled ore and stockpile (000s tonnes)	1,603	1,758	1,674	1,702	1,356	6,490
Total material moved (000s tonnes)	18,219	22,107	21,593	20,321	19,615	83,636
Mill operations						
Throughput (000s tonnes)	1,293	1,442	1,325	1,304	1,271	5,342
Tonnes per day	14,214	16,023	14,555	14,176	13,814	14,635
Grade (%) ³	0.87	0.94	0.85	0.92	0.92	0.91
Recoveries (%) ³	81.2	80.2	73.9	76.3	82.9	78.4
Dump operations						
Throughput (000s tonnes)	1,721	2,635	2,946	2,038	1,542	9,161
Grade (%) ³	0.17	0.18	0.16	0.16	0.17	0.17
Silver						
Production contained (000s ounces)	201	365	245	245	251	1,106
Payable copper produced (tonnes)	10,655	13,753	11,365	11,852	11,258	48,228
Sulphides C1 cash cost ¹ (\$/pound payable copper produced)	2.98	2.46	3.18	2.85	2.58	2.74
Cathode C1 cash cost ¹ (\$/pound payable copper produced)	3.43	3.36	3.08	2.75	3.32	3.11
Combined C1 cash cost ¹ (\$/pound payable copper produced)	3.05	2.68	3.15	2.82	2.71	2.83
Adjusted EBITDA ¹ (\$ millions)	20.5	37.4	12.0	22.5	26.9	98.8

² Adjustments based on final settlements will be made in future quarters

2024 versus 2023 Insights

Q1 2024 production of 11.0 thousand tonnes, composed of 9.2 thousand tonnes from sulphide operations and 1.8 thousand tonnes of cathodes from oxide operations, was 22% lower than Q1 2023 on lower mill throughput (14,214 tpd in Q1 2024 versus 16,023 in Q1 2023) primarily due to a planned mill shutdown in February in order to prepare for installation of new equipment needed to achieve 20,000 tpd capacity and lower feed grades as a result of mine sequence (0.87% in Q1 2024 versus 0.94% in Q1 2023). To a lesser extent, the results were also impacted by unplanned maintenance. Cathode production in Q1 2024 was 45% lower than Q1 2023 due to lower throughput in line with the 2024 plan.

Combined Q1 2024 C1 cash costs¹ of \$3.05/lb (\$2.98/lb sulphides and \$3.43/lb cathodes) were 14% higher compared to \$2.68/lb in Q1 2023 mainly due to lower production (\$0.78/lb), partially offset by lower key consumable prices (-\$0.15/lb), lower acid and energy consumption due to lower production (-\$0.12/lb) and lower mine movements (-\$0.14/lb). Realized sulphuric acid prices averaged \$154/t in Q1 2024 versus \$212/t in Q1 2023, energy prices averaged \$0.10/kWh in Q1 2024 versus \$0.11/kWh in Q1 2023, and diesel prices averaged \$0.76/l in Q1 2024 versus \$0.84/l in Q1 2023.

³ Grade and recoveries were estimated based on concentrate production and may be impacted by settlements from prior production periods

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 12

Capital Expenditures

Sustaining capital¹ in Q1 2024 of \$7.8 million was spent primarily on mining equipment component replacements, an environmental compliance program and the 20,000 tpd plan. Capitalized stripping in Q1 2024 was \$17.3 million, consistent with the same period last year.

Capitalized exploration expenditures totaled \$0.8 million for Q1 2024. This was primarily spent on infill drilling at the "Phase 20" and "Barbara" pits.

(\$ millions)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Capitalized stripping	17.3	18.6
Sustaining capital ¹	7.8	3.4
Brownfield exploration	0.8	_
Right of use assets (non-cash)	-	1.2
Mantos Blancos mine additions	25.9	23.2

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 13

3.3 Mantoverde (70% ownership) – Atacama, Chile

Operating Statistics

	2024	2023				
	Q1	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Production (contained) ^{2, 3}						
Cathode (tonnes)	9,476	8,532	8,290	8,560	10,019	35,401
Mining						
Waste (000s tonnes)	14,805	19,480	21,153	24,170	18,171	82,974
Ore (000s tonnes)	7,052	5,534	5,769	6,438	7,652	25,393
Total (000s tonnes)	21,857	25,014	26,922	30,608	25,823	108,367
Strip Ratio (Waste:Ore)	2.10	3.52	3.67	3.75	2.37	3.27
Rehandled Ore (000s tonnes)	3,529	4,926	5,604	4,386	3,073	17,989
Total material moved (000s tonnes)	25,386	29,940	32,526	34,994	28,896	126,356
Heap operations						
Throughput (000s tonnes)	2,785	2,754	2,657	2,684	2,831	10,926
Grade (%)	0.36	0.31	0.31	0.32	0.41	0.34
Recoveries (%)	74.9	69.0	73.4	66.5	64.6	68.0
Dump operations						
Throughput (000s tonnes)	3,828	3,895	3,707	2,756	4,277	14,635
Grade (%)	0.15	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.16	0.17
Recoveries (%)	32.6	39.9	37.4	59.4	37.7	42.4
Payable copper produced (tonnes)	9,476	8,532	8,290	8,560	10,019	35,401
Copper C1 cash cost ¹ (\$/pound payable copper produced)	3.82	4.02	3.92	3.74	3.68	3.83
Adjusted EBITDA ¹ (\$ millions)	2.6	(4.0)	(11.8)	1.2	(4.1)	(18.7)

² Adjustments based on final settlements will be made in future quarters

2024 versus 2023 Insights

Q1 2024 production of 9.5 thousand tonnes was 11% higher than Q1 2023 due to higher heap grades as a result of mine sequence (0.36% in Q1 2024 versus 0.31% in Q1 2023) and higher recoveries (74.9% in Q1 2024 versus 69.0% in Q1 2023) due to higher solubility ratio of the processed mineral. Heap throughput in Q1 2024 was consistent with the same period last year. Dump production in Q1 2024 was 26% lower than Q1 2023 mainly on lower grades and recoveries due to mine sequence.

Q1 2024 C1 cash costs¹ were \$3.82/lb, 5% lower than \$4.02/lb in Q1 2023 mainly related to higher production (-\$0.40/lb) and lower main consumable prices (-\$0.66/lb), which was partially offset by higher operational mine costs (\$0.26/lb) and mine movement/stripping (\$0.49/lb) due to change in mine sequence. Realized sulphuric acid prices averaged \$145/t in Q1 2024 versus \$177/t in Q1 2023, energy prices averaged \$0.10/kWh in Q1 2024 versus \$0.26/kWh in Q1 2023, and diesel prices averaged \$0.74/l in Q1 2024 versus \$0.83/l in Q1 2023. Energy costs significantly decreased as a result of a new long-term energy contract that commenced from January 1, 2024.

Capital Expenditures

Sustaining capital¹ in Q1 2024 of \$5.5 million was spent primarily to enable a new leaching area (fourth level) and mining equipment component replacements. Expansionary capital¹ in Q1 2024 of \$19.8 million related to MVDP. Non-cash right of use assets of \$46.6 million represents leases for mobile mining equipment that commenced during the quarter.

Capitalized exploration expenditures totaled \$1.3 million for Q1 2024. This was primarily spent on infill drilling at the Franco, Mantoverde Norte and Celso pits.

³ Production shown on a 100% basis

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 14

(\$ millions)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Capitalized stripping	20.2	27.7
Sustaining capital ¹	5.5	5.0
Expansionary capital ¹	19.8	109.2
Capitalized interest and other on construction in progress	23.0	13.0
Brownfield exploration	1.3	_
Right of use assets (non-cash)	46.6	7.2
Mantoverde mine additions	116.4	162.1

3.4 Cozamin Mine – Zacatecas, Mexico

Operating Statistics

	2024	2023				
	Q1	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Production (contained) ²						
Copper (tonnes)	6,006	5,239	6,622	5,915	6,564	24,340
Silver (000s ounces)	346	282	367	330	370	1,349
Mining						
Ore (000s tonnes)	306	306	347	347	338	1,338
Processing						
Milled (000s tonnes)	314	307	345	328	348	1,328
Tonnes per day	3,447	3,410	3,792	3,567	3,786	3,639
Copper						
Grade (%) ³	1.98	1.77	1.98	1.86	1.95	1.89
Recoveries (%)	96.9	96.6	96.9	96.8	96.8	96.8
Silver						
Grade (g/t) ³	40.6	35.1	40.1	37.7	39.9	38.3
Recoveries (%)	82.4	81.3	82.5	82.4	82.6	82.3
Payable copper produced (tonnes)	5,773	5,033	6,361	5,680	6,309	23,383
Copper C1 cash cost ¹ (\$/pound payable copper produced)	1.93	1.72	1.63	1.85	1.76	1.74
Adjusted EBITDA ¹ (\$ millions)	26.2	30.9	34.0	24.9	30.3	120.1

² Adjustments based on final settlements will be made in the future quarters.

2024 versus 2023 Insights

Q1 2024 production was 15% higher than Q1 2023 due to higher grades (1.98% in Q1 2024 versus 1.77% in Q1 2023) consistent with the mine plan. Throughput and recoveries were consistent with the same period last year.

Q1 2024 C1 cash costs¹ were 12% higher than the same period last year primarily due to the change in mining method which resulted in an increase in contractor utilization (\$0.18/lb) and unfavourable foreign exchange rate (\$0.10/lb), partially offset by more pounds payable produced and higher silver by-products credits.

Capital Expenditures

Sustaining capital¹ spending at Cozamin of \$6.3 million for Q1 2024, mainly related to mine development and mine equipment.

Capitalized exploration expenditures totaled \$0.2 million for Q1 2024. This was primarily spent on infill drilling at the Mala Noche Main Vein West Target.

(\$ millions)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Sustaining capital ¹	6.3	6.8
Expansionary capital ¹	_	2.4
Brownfield exploration	0.2	0.3
Right of use assets (non-cash)	0.1	0.2
Cozamin mine additions	6.6	9.7

³ Grade and recoveries were estimated based on concentrate production and may be impacted by settlements from prior production periods.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 16

3.5 Santo Domingo Project – Chile (Copper and Iron)

Capital Expenditures

The Company has continued updating the Feasibility Study ("FS") with contributions from international third parties, including Ausenco and Knight Piesold, and is progressing as planned towards releasing the updated FS in the first half of 2024. Santo Domingo is a fully permitted copper-iron-gold-cobalt project in the Atacama region of Chile, 35km northeast of Mantoverde. The updated FS will incorporate several improvements, including an updated mine plan with a lower strip ratio and modernized milling and flotation circuit with a lower overall footprint and operating cost compared with the previous design. The updated FS will also incorporate recently produced metallurgical testwork data and certain synergies in the Mantoverde - Santo Domingo district. One of the key improvements is the definition of an iron concentration circuit that can produce two different qualities of product: a bulk 65% grade iron concentrate and a premium 67% iron concentrate.

(\$ millions)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Capitalized project costs	5.1	3.9
3.6 Exploration		
(\$ millions)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Greenfield exploration (expensed to income statement)	0.3	1.2
Brownfield exploration (capitalized to mineral properties):		
Mantos Blancos	0.8	_
Mantoverde	1.3	_
Cozamin	0.2	0.3
Total exploration	2.6	1.5

Capstone Copper's exploration team is predominantly focused on organic growth opportunities to expand mineral resources and mineral reserves at all four mines and the Santo Domingo development project. Capstone also has a portfolio of 100% owned claims acquired by staking in Sonora, Mexico and in Northern Chile.

At Mantoverde and Mantos Blancos during Q1 2024, exploration activities focused primary in infill drilling at Mantos Blancos and Mantoverde pits and in the completion of a rock geochemistry and surface mapping survey in the northern portion of Mantoverde District to support additional targeting for near-mine and resource expansion opportunities.

At Cozamin during Q1 2024, limited infill drilling at Mala Noche Main Vein West Target was conducted utilizing one underground rig positioned at the level 19.1 cross-cut. The initial mineral resource estimate for this target is planned for May 2024.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 17

4.0 FINANCIAL REVIEW

4.1 Consolidated Results

Consolidated Net Loss Analysis

Net Loss for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

The Company recorded a net loss of \$5.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared with net loss of \$29.0 million in Q1 2023. The major differences are outlined below:



The difference year-over-year was driven by:

- Revenue: \$4.3 million or 1% of the increase was driven by higher copper volumes sold (Q1 2024 41.0 thousand tonnes, Q1 2023 37.5 thousand tonnes), and partially offset by lower realized copper prices¹ (Q1 2024 \$3.85 per pound, Q1 2023 \$4.17 per pound).
- Production and Royalty costs: \$10.3 million increase primarily driven by higher volumes sold:
 - Pinto Valley recorded \$6.5 million lower production costs in Q1 2024 compared to Q1 2023 as a result of lower costs from favourable pricing contracts, and partially offset by higher copper volumes sold (Q1 2024 – 14.7 thousand tonnes, Q1 2023 – 12.8 thousand tonnes).
 - Cozamin recorded \$6.6 million higher production costs in Q1 2024 compared to Q1 2023 as a result of higher copper volumes sold (Q1 2024 5.7 thousand tonnes, Q1 2023 4.8 thousand tonnes), change in mining method, and unfavourable foreign exchange rate.
 - Mantos Blancos recorded \$8.5 million lower production costs in Q1 2024 compared to Q1 2023 as a result of lower copper volumes sold (Q1 2024 10.8 thousand tonnes, Q1 2023 13.0 thousand tonnes) and lower key consumable prices.
 - Mantoverde recorded \$17.1 million higher production costs in Q1 2024 compared to Q1 2023 primarily as a result of higher copper volumes sold (Q1 2024 9.8 thousand tonnes vs. Q1 2023 6.9 thousand tonnes) and higher operational mine costs.
- Depletion and amortization: \$20.3 million increase primarily due to higher volumes sold and an increased depreciation base.
- Share-based compensation: \$4.9 million decrease primarily due to lower number of stock options and share units outstanding at March 31, 2024 versus at March 31, 2023.
- Loss on derivatives: \$41.1 million decrease primarily due to a lower net change on copper commodity contracts (Q1 2024 \$2.6 million loss, Q1 2023 \$45.8 million loss). Copper forward curve prices

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 18

- increased from \$3.88/lb as at December 31, 2023 to \$4.02/lb as at March 31, 2024, vs. an increase from \$3.80/lb at December 31, 2022 to \$4.08/lb at March 31, 2023.
- Foreign exchange: \$22.0 million change primarily due to foreign exchange impacts from Mantos Blancos and Mantoverde as a result of a weaker Chilean Peso in Q1 2024 vs. a stronger Chilean Peso in Q1 2023, in addition to the impacts of the strengthening Mexican Peso at Cozamin.
- Income taxes expense: \$16.9 million increase due to a lower net loss in Q1 2024 compared to Q1 2023.

4.2 Revenue Analysis

Revenue increased quarter-on-quarter (\$339.9 million versus \$335.6 million in Q1 2023) due to higher copper volumes sold (41.0 thousand tonnes versus 37.5 thousand tonnes in Q1 2023), and partially offset by lower realized copper price¹ (\$3.85 per pound versus \$4.17 per pound in Q1 2023).

Revenue by Mine

(\$ millions)	Q1 20	Q1 2024 ²		23 ²
Pinto Valley	118.7	34.9 %	124	36.9 %
Mantos Blancos	88.1	25.9 %	116.2	34.6 %
Mantoverde	82.8	24.4 %	61	18.2 %
Cozamin	52.9	15.6 %	50.6	15.1 %
Corporate ³	(2.6)	(0.8)%	(16.2)	(4.8)%
Total revenue	339.9	100.0 %	335.6	100.0 %

² The current and subsequent periods may include final settlement quantity and/or price adjustments from prior shipments.

Provisionally Priced Copper

Gross revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2024 includes 46.6 thousand tonnes of copper sold subject to final settlement. Of this, the prices for 22.6 thousand tonnes are final at a weighted average price of \$3.83 per pound. The remaining 26.8 thousand tonnes are subject to price change upon final settlement at the end of the applicable quotational period, as follows:

						(\$/pound)
		Mantos				Provisional
Quotational Period	Pinto Valley	Blancos	Mantoverde	Cozamin	Total	Price
Apr-2024	7.9	3.5	3.6	2.3	17.3	3.99
May-2024	2.6	0.7			3.3	4.01
Jul-2024	5.2	_			5.2	4.04
Not yet declared by						
customer	1.0	_			1.0	3.99
Total	16.7	4.2	3.6	2.3	26.8	3.85

Provisional pricing is a term in copper concentrate and copper cathode sales agreements that provides for provisional pricing of sales at the time of shipment, with final pricing being based on the monthly average LME copper price for specific future periods, normally ranging from one to four months after delivery to the customer. The difference between provisional invoice price and final invoice price is recognized in net earnings.

Of the 26.8 thousand tonnes subject to price change upon final settlement, 11.3 thousand tonnes have been hedged as at March 31, 2024, and 3.3 thousand tonnes of March sales were hedged in April 2024. The remaining 12.2 thousand tonnes are not hedged as these volumes have a declared quotational period of April 2024, which the QP hedging program is designed to achieve average LME price of the month after month of shipment.

³ The Corporate revenue is related to the net changes on quotational period hedges.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 19

Reconciliation of Realized Copper Price¹

Realized price per pound is a non-GAAP ratio that is calculated using the non-GAAP measures of revenue on new shipments, revenue on prior shipments, and pricing and volume adjustments. Realized prices exclude the effects of the stream cash effects as well as TC/RCs. Management believes that measuring these prices enables investors to better understand performance based on the realized copper sales in the current and prior period.

	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Gross copper revenue		
Gross copper revenue on new shipments	347.0	331.5
Realized pricing and volume adjustments on copper revenue	1.3	9.2
Unrealized pricing and volume adjustments on copper revenue	(1.1)	4.0
Gross copper revenue including pricing and volume		
adjustments	347.2	344.7
Gross copper revenue on new shipments		
(\$/pound)	3.84	4.01
Realized pricing and volume adjustments on copper revenue		
(\$/pound)	0.02	0.11
Unrealized pricing and volume adjustments on copper revenue	(0.04)	0.05
(\$/pound)	(0.01)	0.05
Realized copper price ¹ (\$/pound)	3.85	4.17
LME average copper price (\$)	3.83	4.05
LME close price (\$)	3.96	3.72
Gross copper revenue - reconciliation to financials		
Gross copper revenue including pricing and volume adjustments	347.2	344.7
Revenue from other metals	9.4	11.6
Treatment and selling	(16.7)	(20.7)
Revenue per financials	339.9	335.6
Payable copper sold (tonnes)	40,996	37,456

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 20

4.3 Consolidated Cash Flow Analysis

(\$ millions)	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Operating cash flow before changes in working capital	62.1	41.7
Changes in non-cash working capital	(14.9)	(38.8)
Other non-cash changes	(0.9)	0.9
Total cash flow from operating activities	46.3	3.8
Total cash flow used in investing activities	(116.9)	(184.8)
Total cash flow from financing activities	77.0	110.2
Effect of foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(1.4)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	5.0	(70.8)
Opening cash and cash equivalents	126.0	170.3
Closing cash and cash equivalents	131.0	99.5

	March 31,	December
	2024	31, 2023
Total assets	5,998.1	5,873.9
Total non-current financial liabilities	990.0	1,205.3

Changes in Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

The net change in cash was \$5.0 million in Q1 2024 compared to \$(70.8) million in Q1 2023. The change was primarily due to:

- Operating cash flow before changes in working capital was higher by \$20.4 million. Revenue less production costs were lower in Q1 2024 versus Q1 2023 by \$4.4 million (Q1 2024 revenue of \$339.9 million less production costs of \$249.0 million compared to Q1 2023 revenue of \$335.6 million less production costs of \$240.4 million) which was offset by \$9.1 million lower income tax paid, \$8.9 million lower loss on derivatives, higher realized gain on foreign exchange rates and lower greenfield exploration expenses.
- Changes in non-cash working capital was higher by \$23.9 million primarily due to an increase in accounts payable and a decrease in inventories, partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable.
- Cash flow used in investing activities of \$116.9 million primarily relates to MVDP and other capital project spend, partially offset by proceeds from asset disposal.
- Cash flow from financing activities of \$77.0 million relates to net proceeds from share issuance of \$253 million and from related party borrowing of \$21 million, partially offset by net Revolving Credit Facility ("RCF") repayment of \$182 million, lease payments of \$12.3 million and interest on debt and surety bond paid of \$3.7 million.

4.4 Liquidity and Financial Position

2024 YTD Change in Net (debt)



Our available liquidity¹ as at March 31, 2024 was \$539.8 million, which included \$131.8 million of cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments, and \$408 million of undrawn amounts on our \$700 million RCF.

The decrease in Net (debt)¹ as at March 31, 2024, compared to December 31, 2023, is primarily attributable to the net proceeds from share issuance, partially offset by capital spend on the MVDP and other capital projects including capitalized stripping.

Credit Facilities

Mantoverde Development Project Facility

In order to fund the construction of MVDP, the Company secured a senior secured amortizing project debt facility in an aggregate amount of \$520 million (the "MVDP Facility", comprising the "Covered Facility" \$250 million, the "Uncovered Facility" \$210 million, and the "ECA Direct Facility" \$60 million). The MVDP Facility amortizes from the earlier of September 30, 2024 and 180 days after project completion until December 2030 for the Uncovered Facility and December 2032 for the Covered Facility and ECA Direct Facility.

Mantoverde Cost Overrun Facility ("COF")

MMC agreed to provide a \$60 million COF in exchange for additional off-take of copper concentrate production under a 10-year contract. The COF initially carried an interest rate of 3-month US\$ LIBOR plus 1.70% and amortizing over 37 quarters from the earlier of September 30, 2024 or three quarters after project completion.

Revolving Credit Facility

On September 22, 2023, Capstone amended its RCF to increase the aggregate commitments from \$600 million to \$700 million and extended the maturity from May 2026 to September 2027.

Working Capital Facility

During Q2 2023, one of the Company's Chilean subsidiaries entered into a short-term export credit facility with a local Chilean Bank with an interest rate of 6.41%. As at March 31, 2024 the balance of the facility was \$33.3 million, including interest of \$0.3 million. The Working Capital Facility is included in Current - Other Liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 22

As at March 31, 2024, Capstone Copper was in a net (debt)¹ position of \$740.2 million with \$812.0 million long-term debt drawn in total, and \$60.0 million drawn on the COF with MMC which is noted in Due to Related Party. As at March 31, 2024, the \$812.0 million of long term debt consists of \$520.0 million drawn on the MVDP facility and \$292.0 million was drawn on the RCF. The current portion of the MVDP facility is \$42.5 million.

Hedging

The Company has hedging programs for copper commodity, foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and provisionally priced sales contracts. Below is a summary of the fair values of unsettled derivative financial instruments for the Company's hedging contracts recorded on the consolidated statement of financial position. As at March 31, 2024, the Company held no derivatives designated as hedged instruments.

	Marc	March 31, 2024		
Derivative financial assets:				
Foreign currency contracts	\$	1,907	\$	2,139
Interest rate swap contracts		33,443		33,410
Total derivative financial assets	\$	35,350	\$	35,549
Derivative financial liabilities:				
Foreign currency contracts		7,775		1,503
Copper commodity contracts		9,349		13,484
Quotational pricing contracts		3,416		1,801
Total derivative financial liabilities	\$	20,540	\$	16,788

In addition, Pinto Valley contracted for fixed diesel prices with a supplier on its expected 2024 diesel consumption at \$3.32/gallon from February to December 2024. The contracted diesel prices resulted in cost savings of \$0.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Financial Capability

The Company's ability to service its ongoing obligations and cover anticipated corporate, exploration and development costs associated with its existing operations is dependent on the Pinto Valley, Mantos Blancos, Mantoverde, and Cozamin mines generating positive cash flow and available liquidity¹. We have reasonable expectations for our operating performance, additional liquidity options available such as debt and capital market access, the Corporate RCF of \$700 million, \$408 million of which is undrawn, and the hedging programs described above, which all provide both protection from further weakening of copper prices in 2024 and significant available liquidity as the Company completes the commissioning of the Mantoverde Development Project.

In February 2024, the Company and Orion closed a bought deal financing with a syndicate of underwriters. In connection with the Offering, 56,548,000 Common Shares were issued by the Company with a value of C\$6.30 per common share raising total proceeds, net of transaction costs, of \$252.9 million.

Outstanding Share Data and Dilution Calculation

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares, without par value. The table below summarizes the Company's common shares and securities convertible into common shares as at May 2, 2024:

Issued and outstanding	753,482,043
Share options outstanding at a weighted average exercise price of \$5.08	4,008,596
Treasury share units outstanding at a weighted average exercise price of \$5.70	3,801,605
Fully diluted	761,292,244

Under the Treasury Share Unit Plan, the Company has the ability to settle the units in shares up to 3.5% of the total issued and outstanding common shares of Capstone Copper.

Capital Management

Capstone Copper's capital management objectives are intended to safeguard the Company's ability to support its normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis as well as continue the development and exploration of its mineral properties and support any expansion plans. As part of the Company's treasury policy, the Company will only hold deposits in Canadian Tier 1 banks, International Commercial Banks with a rating of A- or greater, Canadian and US government bonds, or bankruptcy remote treasury market or exchange traded funds of AAA rating.

4.5 Commitments

Royalty Agreements

Under the terms of the December 2003 option agreement with Grupo Minera Bacis S.A. de C.V. ("Bacis"), Capstone Mining assumed a 100% interest in the Cozamin mine with a 3% net smelter royalty paid to Bacis on all payable metal sold from production on the property covered by the agreement.

In connection with the financing of the Mantos Blancos Debottlenecking Development Project, Mantos Copper S.A. entered into a royalty agreement with Southern Cross Royalties Limited ("Southern Cross"). Southern Cross is entitled to a 1.525% net smelter royalty on copper production. The royalty is for a period initially through January 1, 2035 that may be extended by Southern Cross at its sole discretion through the duration of the mining rights and is subject to the Company's option to reduce the royalty amount by 50% any time after January 1, 2023, subject to a one-time payment.

Agreement with Osisko Bermuda Limited ("Osisko")

Pursuant to a long-term streaming agreement made in 2015, that covers the life of mine, the Company delivers 100% of the payable silver sold by Mantos Blancos to Osisko Bermuda Limited ("Osisko"). Osisko pays a cash price of 8% of the spot price at the time of each delivery, in addition to an upfront acquisition price previously paid. After 19.3 million ounces of silver have been delivered under the agreement, the stream will be reduced to 40%. Mantos Blancos has delivered 5.8 million silver ounces since contract inception until March 31, 2024.

Agreement with Jetti Resources, LLC ("Jetti")

Under the terms of the 2019 agreement, the Company is required to make quarterly royalty payments to Jetti based on an additional net profits calculation resulting from cathode production at the Pinto Valley mine. The initial term of the agreement is ten years, renewable for 5-year terms thereafter.

Off-take agreements

The Company has sales commitments of copper concentrate production at Mantos Blancos under off-take agreements with Glencore.

The Company has sales commitments equal to 100% of its copper cathode production at Mantoverde and Mantos Blancos under off-take agreements with Anglo American Marketing Limited ("AAML") and expect to deliver into the commitments by the end of 2024.

The Company has concentrate off-take agreements with third parties whereby they will purchase 100% of the copper concentrate produced by the Cozamin mine up to the end of December 2024.

The Company has a number of annual and multi-year concentrate off-take agreements with third parties whereby they will purchase the copper concentrate produced by the Pinto Valley Mine.

The Company entered into an off-take agreement with Boliden Commercial AB ("Boliden") for 75,000 tonnes of copper concentrates in each contract year. The off-take agreement expires ten years after the commencement of commercial production at the MVDP, subject to potential extension if less than 750 thousand tonnes of copper concentrates have been delivered at the contract term and subject to termination if commercial production does not commence by December 31, 2024.

MMC agreed to provide a \$60 million COF in exchange for additional off-take of copper concentrate production under a 10-year contract. The off-take agreement includes Mantoverde agreeing to sell 30% of its annual copper production per year delivered for its equivalent in copper concentrates, plus an additional amount of 30,000 tonnes of copper concentrate as a result of fully utilizing the COF that was provided by MMC in connection with

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 24

the MVDP. The agreement between MMC and Mantoverde to sell 30% of its annual copper production is for the duration of the Mantoverde commercial mine life. The amount payable for copper is based on average LME prices, subject to certain terms.

Construction and other operating contracts

The Company entered into the EPC with Ausenco Chile Limitada for an estimated aggregate cost of \$525 million. As at March 31, 2024, capital expenditures committed for all the companies mine sites, but not yet incurred, were \$44.4 million.

The Company has contractual agreements extending until 2026 and 2033 to purchase water for operations at Mantos Blancos.

The Company has contractual agreements for the purchase of power for operations at Mantos Blancos and Mantoverde, extending until 2038 and 2039, respectively. The Company also entered into a contractual agreement for access to a power transmission plant for the Santo Domingo project, for a period of 12 years from the date the transmission facility construction was completed, in Q4 2023.

The Company has contractual arrangements at Mantos Blancos and Mantoverde for the purchase of 290,000 tonnes of acid during the remainder of 2024, 100,000 tonnes in 2025 and 100,000 tonnes in 2026.

Other

The Company has provided a guarantee to the Chilean Internal Revenue Service that \$12.7 million of all value added taxes previously refunded, plus interest, will be repaid if construction of the Santo Domingo development project is not completed by August 31, 2026. The Company may request an extension to the date that aligns with a future Santo Domingo construction decision.

Provisions

Provisions of \$258.6 million at March 31, 2024 includes the following:

- \$210.0 million for reclamation and closure cost obligations at Capstone Copper's operating mines;
- \$31.6 million related to other long-term obligations at the Cozamin and Chilean mines; and
- \$1.2 million for the long-term portion of the share-based payment obligations associated with the Share Unit Plan. The current portion of the share-based payment obligations of \$8.4 million is recorded in other liabilities.
- \$15.7 million for the long-term portion of the Minto obligation as Minto ceased operations during Q2 2023 (see below).

Minto Obligation

On June 3, 2019, the Company completed the sale of its 100% interest in the Minto Mine and in conjunction with completion of the sale, Minto had posted a surety bond to cover potential future reclamation liabilities. The Company remains an indemnitor for Minto's C\$72 million surety bond obligation in the Yukon. During Q2 2023, Minto ceased operations and the Yukon Government took over all reclamation activities. As Minto defaulted on the surety bond in Q2 2023, Capstone has recognized a provision related to the Company's obligations towards the issuer of the surety bond. During the period, the Company made payments of \$2.9 million to the Yukon Government for reclamation work performed. As at March 31, 2024, the total remaining provision is \$37.8 million, and \$22.1 million recorded in other current liabilities represents the current portion.

Precious Metal Streams

Cozamin Silver Stream

On February 19, 2021, Capstone Mining concluded the precious metals purchase arrangement with Wheaton Precious Metals Corp. ("Wheaton") whereby the Company received upfront cash consideration of \$150 million against delivery of 50% of the silver production from the Company's Cozamin mine until 10 million ounces have been delivered, thereafter dropping to 33% of silver production for the remaining life of the mine. Cozamin has delivered 2.0 million silver ounces since contract inception until March 31, 2024. The agreement with Wheaton includes a completion test, which requires the completion of the paste backfill plant by December 31, 2023, and production of at least 105,000 cubic meters of suitable past backfill for use in the underground operations at Cozamin over a consecutive 90-day period. The Company did not achieve the completion requirements and

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 25

believes the potential exposure is a range of \$nil to \$4.6 million based on the ratio of paste backfill that was used in the underground operation, compared to the target of 105,000 tonnes.

The Company recorded the upfront cash consideration received as deferred revenue and recognizes amounts in revenue as silver is delivered under the arrangement. For the period ended March 31, 2024, the amount of the deferred revenue liability recognized as revenue was \$3.0 million.

Santo Domingo Gold Stream

On April 21, 2021, Capstone Mining received an early deposit of \$30 million in relation to the precious metals purchase arrangement with Wheaton effective March 24, 2021. If completion has not been achieved on or before the third anniversary date of receiving the early deposit, an early deposit delay payment will be triggered that would require the company to sell and deliver 104 ounces of refined gold per month until the earlier of: the month completion is achieved, the month in which the early deposit is repaid to Wheaton or the month which refined gold is first sold and delivery to Wheaton. In the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company recorded an obligation under the gold stream of \$7.1 million. As at March 31, 2024 the value of the obligation is \$7.7 million.

The Company recorded the upfront early deposit of \$30 million received as deferred revenue and will recognize amounts in revenue as gold is delivered under the arrangement. For the period ended March 31, 2024, there was no amortization of the deferred revenue liability recognized as revenue.

Purchase of Non-Controlling Interest from KORES

At March 31, 2024, a liability of \$42.9 million has been recognized in other current liabilities equal to the discounted amount of the remaining \$45.0 million to be paid to KORES on March 24, 2025 as part of the agreement to purchase its 30% share of Acquisition Co. The discounted amount of the remaining \$45.0 million will be accreted up to its face value at 5% per year. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, \$0.5 million of accretion was recorded in other non-cash interest expense in the condensed interim consolidated statements of loss.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As at March 31, 2024, the Company had no off-balance-sheet arrangements other than the following:

- those disclosed under Commitments in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2024;
- capital expenditure commitments totaling \$44.4 million;
- seven surety bonds totaling \$252.9 million.

4.6 Transactions with Related Parties

As described in the Nature of Business section, Capstone Copper has related party relationships, as defined by IFRS, with its key management personnel.

Related party transactions and balances are disclosed in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2024, except the following:

• Total funds, excluding interest, advanced by MMC as at March 31, 2024 was \$210.9 million (December 31, 2023 - \$60.0 million), which comprises of \$60.0 million for the COF and \$150.9 million in shareholder loans. \$8.8 million has been accrued as interest on the shareholder loan.

4.7 Accounting Changes

Changes in Accounting Policies and Material Accounting Estimates and Judgments

Accounting policies as well as any changes in accounting policies are discussed in Note 3 "Material Accounting Policy Information, Estimates and Judgements" of the March 31, 2024 condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

New IFRS Pronouncements

New IFRS Pronouncements are discussed in Note 4 "Adoption of New and Revised IFRS and IFRS Not Yet Effective" of the March 31, 2024 condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

5.0 NON-GAAP AND OTHER PERFORMANCE MEASURES

The Company uses certain performance measures in its analysis. These Non-GAAP performance measures are included in this MD&A because these statistics are key performance measures that management uses to monitor performance, to assess how the Company is performing, and to plan and assess the overall effectiveness and efficiency of mining operations. These performance measures do not have a standard meaning within IFRS and, therefore, amounts presented may not be comparable to similar data presented by other mining companies. These performance measures should not be considered in isolation as a substitute for measures of performance in accordance with IFRS.

Some of these performance measures are presented in Highlights and discussed further in other sections of the MD&A. These measures provide meaningful supplemental information regarding operating results because they exclude certain significant items that are not considered indicative of future financial trends either by nature or amount. As a result, these items are excluded for management assessment of operational performance and preparation of annual budgets. These significant items may include, but are not limited to, restructuring and asset impairment charges, individually significant gains and losses from sales of assets, share based compensation, unrealized gains or losses, and certain items outside the control of management. These items may not be non-recurring. However, excluding these items from GAAP or Non-GAAP results allows for a consistent understanding of the Company's consolidated financial performance when performing a multi-period assessment including assessing the likelihood of future results. Accordingly, these Non-GAAP financial measures may provide insight to investors and other external users of the Company's consolidated financial information.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 27

Breakdown of C1 Cash Costs and All-in Sustaining Cost Per Pound of Payable Copper Produced

C1 cash costs per payable pound of copper produced is a measure reflective of operating costs per unit. C1 cash costs is calculated as cash production costs of metal produced net of by-product credits and is a key performance measure that management uses to monitor performance. Management uses this measure to assess how well the Company's producing mines are performing and to assess overall efficiency and effectiveness of the mining operations and assumes that realized by-product prices are consistent with those prevailing during the reporting period.

All-in sustaining costs per payable pound of copper produced is an extension of the C1 cash costs measure discussed above and is also a non-GAAP key performance measure that management uses to monitor performance. Management uses this measure to analyze margins achieved on existing assets while sustaining and maintaining production at current levels. Consolidated All-in sustaining costs includes sustaining capital and corporate general and administrative costs.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024

	Q1 2024				
		Mantos			
	Pinto Valley	Blancos	Mantoverde	Cozamin	Total
Payable copper produced (000s pounds)	33,401	23,490	20,891	12,726	90,508
(\$ millions)					
Production costs of metal produced (per financials)	75.8	67.2	80.7	25.4	249.1
Transportation cost to point of sale	(7.4)	(2.4)	(0.5)	(1.5)	(11.8)
Inventory (write-down) reversal	`	0.1	0.7	`	0.8
Inventory working capital adjustments	1.0	0.8	(2.1)	0.3	_
Cash production costs of metal produced	69.4	65.7	78.8	24.2	238.1
(\$/pound)					
Production costs					
Mining	0.56	0.83	1.36	1.18	0.90
Milling/Processing	1.25	1.72	2.09	0.43	1.45
G&A	0.27	0.24	0.32	0.29	0.28
C1P sub-total	2.08	2.79	3.77	1.90	2.63
By-product credits	(0.06)	(0.01)	_	(0.31)	(0.07)
Treatment and selling costs	0.51	0.27	0.05	0.34	0.32
C1 cash cost (\$/pound produced)	2.53	3.05	3.82	1.93	2.88
(\$/pound)					
Royalties	0.02	0.06	_	0.07	0.03
Production-phase capitalized stripping /					
Mineralized drift	_	0.74	0.06	0.02	0.21
Sustaining capital	0.18	0.27	0.25	0.47	0.26
Sustaining leases	0.06	0.10	0.12	0.01	0.07
Accretion of reclamation obligation	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.03
Amortization of reclamation asset	_	0.01	_	0.05	0.01
Corporate G&A, excluding depreciation					0.08
All-in sustaining cost adjustments	0.27	1.21	0.45	0.67	0.69
All-in sustaining cost (\$/pound produced)	2.80	4.26	4.27	2.60	3.57

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 28

Q1 2023

			Q1 2023		
	B: 4 3/ II	Mantos	NA 4 1		-
	Pinto Valley	Blancos	Mantoverde	Cozamin	Total
Payable copper produced (000s pounds)	27,365	30,321	18,810	11,096	87,592
(\$ millions)					
Production costs of metal produced (per financials)	82.3	75.7	63.6	18.8	240.4
•					
Transportation cost to point of sale	(6.5)	(3.2)	(0.4)	(1.2)	(11.3)
Inventory (write-down) reversal	(0.1)	(0.4)	(0.5)	_	(1.0)
Inventory working capital adjustments	(0.1)	2.3	12.0	0.6	14.8
Cash production costs of metal produced ²	75.6	74.4	74.7	18.2	242.9
(\$/pound)					
Production costs					
Mining	1.03	0.79	0.74	1.04	0.88
Milling/Processing	1.37	1.48	2.93	0.34	1.61
G&A	0.36	0.19	0.30	0.27	0.28
C1P sub-total	2.76	2.46	3.97	1.65	2.77
By-product credits	(0.19)	(0.02)		(0.29)	(0.10)
Treatment and selling costs	0.52	0.24	0.05	0.36	0.29
C1 cash cost (\$/pound produced)	3.09	2.68	4.02	1.72	2.96
(Classian)					
(\$/pound)	0.01	0.06		0.08	0.03
Royalties	0.01	0.06	_	0.06	0.03
Production-phase capitalized stripping / Mineralized drift	_	0.60	0.13	0.02	0.24
Sustaining capital	0.35	0.00	0.13	0.02	0.24
Sustaining capital Sustaining leases	0.02	0.10	0.27	0.01	0.26
Accretion of reclamation obligation	0.02	0.10	0.07	0.01	0.00
Amortization of reclamation asset	0.02	0.03			
	_	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.01
Corporate G&A, excluding depreciation	0.40	0.00	0.54	0.74	0.06
All-in sustaining cost adjustments	0.40	0.90	0.51	0.74	0.71
All-in sustaining cost (\$/pound produced)	3.49	3.58	4.53	2.46	3.67

² Certain of prior period comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation

Reconciliation of Net (debt) / Net cash

Net debt / Net cash is a non-GAAP performance measure used by the Company to assess its financial position and is composed of Long-term debt (excluding deferred financing costs and purchase price accounting ("PPA") fair value adjustments), Cost overrun facility from MMC, Cash and cash equivalents, Short-term investments, and excluding shareholder loans.

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Long term debt (per financials), excluding deferred financing costs of 1.8 and 1.9 and PPA fair value adjustments of 6.4 and 6.6	(812.0)	(994.0)
COF	(60.0)	(60.0)
Add:		
Cash and cash equivalents (per financials)	131.0	126.0
Short term investments (per financials)	0.8	0.8
Net (debt)/cash	(740.2)	(927.2)

Reconciliation of Attributable Net (debt) / Net cash

Attributable net debt / net cash is a non-GAAP performance measure used by the Company to assess its financial position and is calculated as net debt / net cash excluding amounts attributable to non-controlling interests.

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Attributable Long term debt, excluding deferred financing costs of		
1.8 and 1.9 and PPA fair value adjustments of 6.4 and 6.6	(656.0)	(838.0)
Attributable COF	(42.0)	(42.0)
Add:		
Attributable Cash and cash equivalents	106.4	102.6
Attributable Short term investments	0.8	0.8
Attributable Net (debt)/cash	(590.8)	(776.6)

Reconciliation of Available Liquidity

Available liquidity is a non-GAAP performance measure used by the Company to assess its financial position and is composed of RCF credit capacity, the \$520 million Mantoverde DP facility capacity, Cash and cash equivalents and Short-term investments. For clarity, Available liquidity does not include the Mantoverde \$60 million cost overrun facility from MMC nor the \$260 million undrawn portion of the Gold stream from Wheaton related to the Santo Domingo project as they are not available for general purposes.

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Revolving credit facility capacity	700.0	700.0
MVDP debt facility	520.0	520.0
Long term debt (per financials), excluding deferred financing costs of 1.8 and 1.9 and PPA fair value adjustments of 6.4 and 6.6	(812.0) 408.0	(994.0) 226.0
Cash and cash equivalents (per financials)	131.0	126.0
Short term investments (per financials)	0.8	0.8
Available liquidity	539.8	352.8

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 30

Reconciliation of Adjusted Net (Loss) Income Attributable To Shareholders

Adjusted net (loss) income attributable to shareholders is a non-GAAP measure of Net loss attributable to shareholders as reported, adjusted for certain types of transactions that in our judgment are not indicative of our normal operating activities or do not necessarily occur on a regular basis.

(\$ millions, except share and per share amounts) ²	Q1 2024	Q1 2023
Net loss attributable to shareholders	(4.8)	(20.0)
Inventory write-down	(1.0)	3.9
Unrealized loss on derivative contracts	2.3	34.6
Share-based compensation expense	7.1	12.0
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	(7.4)	0.7
Other expense - non-recurring fees	_	0.2
Gold stream obligation	0.6	_
Gain on disposal of assets	(1.3)	(0.2)
G&A - care and maintenance	0.1	0.1
Tax effect on the above adjustments	(0.1)	(13.8)
Adjusted net (loss) income attributable to shareholders	(4.5)	17.5
Weighted average common shares - basic (per financials)	728,558,632	691,818,526
Adjusted net (loss) income attributable to shareholders of Capstone Copper Corp. per common share - basic (\$)	(0.01)	0.03
Weighted average common shares - diluted (per financials)	728,558,632	695,053,573
Adjusted net (loss) income attributable to shareholders of Capstone Copper Corp. per common share - diluted (\$)	(0.01)	0.03

² Certain of prior period comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA

EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure of net loss before net finance expense, tax expense, and depletion and amortization.

Adjusted EBITDA is non-GAAP measure of EBITDA before the pre-tax effect of the adjustments made to net loss (above) as well as certain other adjustments required under the RCF agreement in the determination of EBITDA for covenant calculation purposes.

The adjustments made to net loss and Adjusted EBITDA allow management and readers to analyze our results more clearly and understand the cash generating potential of the Company.

Three months ended March 31, 2024

(\$ millions) ²	_	Pinto 'alley	Mante Blanc	-	Mantoverde	Cozamin		Other	Total	
Net income (loss) per financials	\$	16.6	\$ (1.2) \$	\$ (3.1)	\$ 9.5	\$	(27.6)	\$ (5.8)	
Net finance costs		1.1		1.5	0.6	2.3		3.0	8.5	
Taxes		2.7		0.6	(1.3)	4.0		0.7	6.7	
Depletion and amortization		21.9	2	0.3	16.7	10.2		0.1	69.2	
EBITDA		42.3	2	1.2	12.9	26.0		(23.8)	78.6	
Share-based compensation expense		_		_	_	_	·	7.1	7.1	
Total inventory write-down (reversal)		_		_	(1.0)	_		_	(1.0)	
Realized (gain) loss on MVDP derivative contracts		_		_	0.7	_		_	0.7	
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivatives		_		_	(5.4)	_	į	7.7	2.3	
(Gain) loss on disposal of assets		_		_	(1.3)	0.1		(0.1)	(1.3)	
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss		(0.2)) (3.0)	(3.2)	0.2		(1.2)	(7.4)	
Gold stream obligation		_		_	_	_	į	0.6	0.6	
Unrealized provisional pricing and volume adjustments on revenue		(3.3)) .	2.3	(0.1)	(0.1)	1.7	0.5	
Adjusted EBITDA		38.8	2	0.5	2.6	26.2		(8.0)	80.1	

² Certain of prior period comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

Three months ended March 31, 2023

	Pi	nto	Mantos					
(\$ millions) ²	Va	lley	Blancos	М	lantoverde	Cozamin	Other	Total
Net income (loss) per financials	\$	16.9	\$ 13.6	\$	(25.3)	\$ 19.0	\$ (53.2)	\$ (29.0)
Net finance costs		8.0	1.6		0.1	2.2	3.2	7.9
Taxes		1.8	4.4		(11.1)	5.0	(10.3)	(10.2)
Depletion and amortization		21.6	12.8		7.7	5.9	0.1	48.1
EBITDA		41.1	32.4		(28.6)	32.1	(60.2)	16.8
Share-based compensation expense			_		_	_	12.0	12.0
Total inventory write-down (reversal)		0.2	1.0		2.7	_	_	3.9
Realized (gain) loss on MVDP derivative								
contracts		_	_		1.8	_	_	1.8
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivatives		_			18.4		16.2	34.6
(Gain) loss on disposal of assets		_	(0.2)	_	_	_	(0.2)
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss		_	1.8		0.6	(1.2)	(0.5)	0.7
Other expense - non-recurring		_	_		_	_	0.2	0.2
Unrealized provisional pricing and volume								
adjustments on revenue		(0.1)	2.4		1.1	0.7	(7.9)	(3.8)
Adjusted EBITDA		41.2	37.4		(4.0)	31.6	(40.2)	66.0

² Certain of prior period comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

Other Non-GAAP measures

Sustaining Capital

Sustaining capital is expenditures to maintain existing operations and sustain production levels. A reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure to GAAP segment MPPE additions is included within the mine site sections of this document.

Expansionary Capital

Expansionary capital is expenditures to increase current or future production capacity, cash flow or earnings potential. A reconciliation of this non-GAAP measure to GAAP segment MPPE additions is included within the mine site sections of this document.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 33

Additional Information and Reconciliations

Sales from Operations

	2024			2023		
	Q1	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Copper (tonnes)						
Concentrate						
Pinto Valley	13,818	12,196	11,385	11,736	15,013	50,330
Mantos Blancos	8,981	9,497	8,380	8,870	10,453	37,200
Cozamin	5,709	4,823	6,452	5,309	6,065	22,649
Total Concentrate	28,508	26,516	26,217	25,915	31,531	110,179
Cathode						
Pinto Valley	904	603	683	824	643	2,753
Mantos Blancos	1,806	3,474	3,570	3,248	1,796	12,088
Mantoverde	9,778	6,863	10,285	8,713	9,313	35,174
Total Cathode	12,488	10,940	14,538	12,785	11,752	50,015
Total Copper	40,996	37,456	40,755	38,700	43,283	160,194
Zinc (000 pounds)						
Cozamin	(4)	_	(10)	250	_	240
Molybdenum (tonnes)						
Pinto Valley	18	55	17	20	28	120
Silver (000s ounces)						
Cozamin	410	349	502	400	448	1,699
Mantos Blancos	215	330	248	235	269	1,082
Pinto Valley	60	58	49	65	87	259
Total	685	737	799	700	804	3,040
Cold (aurosa)						
Gold (ounces)	(400)	200	E07	2.000	2 504	6 600
Pinto Valley	(462)	389	537	3,099	2,581	6,606
Total	(462)	389	537	3,099	2,581	6,606

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 34

6.0 SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(\$ millions, except per share data) ²	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023 ⁽ⁱ⁾	Q2 2023 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	Q1 2023 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	Q4 2022 ^(iv)	Q3 2022	Q2 2022 ^(v)
Revenue	339.9	353.7	322.2	333.9	335.6	362.1	309.2	356.6
Earnings (loss) from mining operations	18.1	21.6	12.0	5.0	44.4	75.7	(11.2)	37.3
Net (loss) income attributable to shareholders	(4.8)	(12.3)	(32.9)	(36.5)	(20.0)	(20.9)	34.1	75.1
Net (loss) earnings per share attributable to shareholders - basic and diluted	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.03)	(0.03)	0.05	0.11
Operating cash flow before changes in non-cash working capital	62.1	80.4	59.3	22.0	41.7	76.1	13.9	40.7
Capital expenditures (including capitalized stripping)	170.0	182.1	228.3	201.3	209.4	204.9	148.5	206.6

⁽f) Net Loss in Q3 2023 includes \$24 million of Deferred income tax expense related to the adoption of the Chilean Tax Reform.

7.0 MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Disclosure Controls and Procedures ("DC&P")

As at March 31, 2024, Capstone Copper's management, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer & Director and Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer, has designed DC&P which provide reasonable assurance that material information related to Capstone Copper is identified and communicated in a timely manner.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting ("ICFR")

Capstone Copper's management, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer & Director and Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"). Any system of ICFR, no matter how well designed, has inherent limitations and cannot provide absolute assurance that all misstatements and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been prevented or detected. Capstone Copper's ICFR is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

The Company uses the 2013 Internal Control – Integrated Framework published by The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("2013 COSO framework") as the basis for assessing its ICFR.

There have been no changes in the Company's ICFR that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, ICFR during the period ended in March 31, 2024.

Other Information

Approval

The Board of Directors of Capstone Copper approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A. A copy of this MD&A will be provided to anyone who requests it from the Company. A copy of this MD&A is also available for viewing at the Company's website at www.capstonecopper.com or on the Company's profile on the SEDAR+ website at www.sedarplus.ca.

Additional Information

Additional information is available for viewing at the Company's website at www.capstonecopper.com or on the Company's profile on the SEDAR+ website at www.sedarplus.ca.

⁽ii) Net Loss in Q2 2023 includes \$59 million of Minto obligation.

⁽iii) Net Loss in Q1 2023 includes \$44 million of net loss on derivative instruments.

⁽iv) Net loss in Q4 2022 includes \$24 million of share unit expense and \$64 million of net loss on derivative instruments.

⁽v) Revenue, Earnings from mining operations, Net income and Operating cash flow before changes in working capital in Q2 2022 includes \$45.5 million of negative non-cash provisional pricing adjustments.

² Certain of prior period comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 35

8.0 NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 43-101 COMPLIANCE

Unless otherwise indicated, Capstone Copper has prepared the technical information in this MD&A ("Technical Information") based on information contained in the technical reports and news releases (collectively the "Disclosure Documents") available under Capstone Copper's company profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. Each Disclosure Document was prepared by or under the supervision of a qualified person (a "Qualified Person") as defined in National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects of the Canadian Securities Administrators ("NI 43-101"). Readers are encouraged to review the full text of the Disclosure Documents which qualifies the Technical Information. Readers are advised that Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The Disclosure Documents are each intended to be read as a whole, and sections should not be read or relied upon out of context. The Technical Information is subject to the assumptions and qualifications contained in the Disclosure Documents.

Disclosure Documents include the National Instrument 43-101 compliant technical reports titled "NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Cozamin Mine, Zacatecas, Mexico" effective January 1, 2023, "NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Pinto Valley Mine, Arizona, USA" effective March 31, 2021, "Santo Domingo Project, Region III, Chile, NI 43-101 Technical Report" effective February 19, 2020, and "Mantos Blancos Mine NI 43-101 Technical Report Antofagasta / Región de Antofagasta, Chile" and "Mantoverde Mine and Mantoverde Development Project NI 43-101 Technical Report Chañaral / Región de Atacama, Chile", both effective November 29, 2021.

The disclosure of Scientific and Technical Information in this MD&A was reviewed and approved by Clay Craig, P.Eng., Director, Mining & Strategic Planning (technical information related to Mineral Reserves at Pinto Valley and Cozamin), and Cashel Meagher, P.Geo., President and Chief Operating Officer (technical information related to project updates at Santo Domingo and Mineral Reserves and Resources at Mantos Blancos and Mantoverde) all Qualified Persons under NI 43-101.

9.0 RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

For full details on the risks and uncertainties affecting the Company, please refer to the Annual Information Form dated March 18, 2024 (See section entitled "Risk Factors"). This document is available for viewing on the Company's website at www.capstonecopper.com or on the Company's profile on the SEDAR+ website at www.sedarplus.ca. Please also refer to the prospectus dated March 6, 2024 that is available on the Company's market announcements platform at www.asx.com.au and under our issuer profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

Risks in connection with the Cozamin Silver Stream Agreement with Wheaton.

The Cozamin Silver Stream Agreement is subject to pricing risk. Unexpected spikes in silver prices may result in an increase in silver credit payables compared to receivables and the use of hedging mechanisms may not be economical to reduce such risks. Capstone was required to meet certain completion requirements before December 31, 2023, under the Cozamin Silver Stream Agreement, namely, Capstone was required to construct a paste backfill plant to produce at least 105,000 cubic metres of suitable paste backfill that is used in the underground operations at Cozamin over a period of 90 consecutive days during which a completion test has been performed. Under the terms of the Agreement, failure to achieve the foregoing completion requirements will result in a refund to Wheaton up to an estimated amount of \$4.6 million.

Concentration of Share Ownership of Capstone Copper.

As at the date hereof, Orion Fund JV Limited, Orion Mine Finance Fund II LP and Orion Mine Finance (Master) Fund 1-A LP (collectively, "Orion") own approximately 12.02%% of the outstanding Common Shares and Hadrian Capital Partners Inc. owns approximately 13.37% of the outstanding Common Shares. See news release "Capstone Copper and Orion Announce Closing of C\$328 Million Secondary Bought Deal Offering of Common Shares" dated March 31, 2023, and "Capstone Copper and Orion Announce Closing of \$431 Million Bought Deal" dated February 8, 2024. Following the closing of the Offering, Orion, in the aggregate, beneficially own 152,936,179 Common Shares, representing 20.3% of the outstanding Common Shares. Subsequently, after the sale of Capstone's CDIs on the ASX as described in the news release "Orion Undertakes A\$593 Million Sale of Capstone CDIs on the ASX" on April 5, 2024, Orion's ownership was reduced to 90,536,179 Common Shares,

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 36

representing 12.02% of the outstanding Common Shares. As long as these shareholders maintain their significant positions in Capstone, they will have the ability to exercise influence with respect to the affairs of Capstone and significantly affect the outcome of matters upon which shareholders are entitled to vote. Furthermore, there is a risk that Capstone's securities are less liquid and trade at a relative discount compared to circumstances where these shareholders did not have the ability to influence or determine matters affecting Capstone. Moreover, there is a risk that their significant interests in Capstone discourages transactions involving a change of control of Capstone, including transaction in which an investor, as a holder of Capstone's securities, would otherwise receive a premium for its Capstone's securities over the then-current market price. A disposition of shares by these shareholders could adversely affect the market price of the Common Shares.

Pursuant to the Registration and Nomination Rights Agreement (as defined below) between Capstone Mining and Orion dated March 23, 2022, provided Orion maintains certain levels of ownership of the Common Shares, Orion: (i) has rights to nominate up to two individuals to sit on the Board of Directors and (ii) may demand we file one or more prospectuses or otherwise facilitate sales of Orion's shares. Subsequently following the recent transaction, which resulted in Orion's ownership decreasing to 12.02% and falling below the 20% threshold, this right has now been reduced to nominating just one individual. See "Material Contracts" in the AIF for further information regarding the Registration and Nomination Rights Agreement.

¹ These are non-GAAP performance measures. Refer to the MD&A section titled "Non-GAAP and Other Performance Measures". Page 37

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

unaudited - expressed in thousands of US dollars

ASSETS	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		
Current					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	131,031	\$ 126,016		
Short-term investments (Note 5)		770	804		
Receivables (Note 6)		166,569	147,318		
Inventories (Note 7)		153,807	149,613		
Derivative assets (Note 5)		17,175	18,984		
Other assets (Note 9)		43,836	44,122		
		513,188	486,857		
Mineral properties, plant and equipment (Note 8)		5,382,672	5,286,257		
Derivative assets (Note 5)		18,175	16,565		
Deferred income tax assets		53,041	53,401		
Other assets (Note 9)		31,068	30,835		
Total assets	\$	5,998,144	\$ 5,873,915		
LIABILITIES					
Current					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	269,988	\$ 272,277		
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 13)		42,456	28,398		
Current portion of due to related party (Note 11)		4,853	3,243		
Lease liabilities (Note 12)		38,036	33,516		
Derivative liabilities (Note 5)		19,446	16,788		
Income taxes payable		3,456	6,186		
Other liabilities (Note 10)		119,093	71,412		
- Caron maximum (risto 10)		497,328	431,820		
Long-term debt (Note 13)		774,079	970,258		
Due to related party (Note 11)		214,870	192,628		
Deferred revenue (Note 14)		146,710	147,619		
Lease liabilities (Note 12)		135,598	102,983		
Derivative liabilities (Note 5)		1,094	102,000		
Provisions (Note 16)		258,630	268,132		
Deferred income tax liabilities (Note 15)		628,805	630,225		
Other liabilities (Note 10)		20,917	64,128		
Total liabilities	\$	2,678,031			
FOURTY					
EQUITY Share capital	\$	2,706,447	\$ 2,451,572		
Other reserves	Ψ	42,882	40,129		
Retained earnings		166,178	168,886		
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		2,915,507	2,660,587		
Non-controlling interest (Note 11)		404,606	405,535		
		3,320,113			
Total equity		3,320,113	3,066,122		
Total liabilities and equity	\$	5,998,144	\$ 5,873,915		

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

unaudited - expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts

		2024	2023
Revenue (Note 18)	\$	339,897 \$	335,596
Operating costs			
Production costs		(249,036)	(240,381)
Royalties		(4,600)	(2,950)
Depletion and amortization		(68,188)	(47,879)
Earnings from mining operations		18,073	44,386
General and administrative expenses		(5,905)	(5,642)
Exploration expenses (Note 8)		(310)	(1,199)
Share-based compensation expense (Note 17)		(7,127)	(12,018)
Income from operations		4,731	25,527
Other income (expense)			
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		12,743	(9,262)
Realized and unrealized losses on derivative instruments (Note 5)		(3,738)	(44,835)
Other expense (Note 22)		(4,280)	(2,716)
Finance income (Note 23)		1,646	1,381
Finance expense (Note 23)		(10,129)	(9,263)
Income (loss) before income taxes		973	(39,168)
Income tax (expense) recovery (Note 15)		(6,739)	10,218
Net loss	\$	(5,766) \$	(28,950)
Net loss attributable to:			
Shareholders of Capstone Copper Corp.	\$	(4,837) \$	(20,002)
Non-controlling interest (Note 11)	·	(929)	(8,948)
,	\$	(5,766) \$	(28,950)
Net loss per share attributable to shareholders of Capstone Copper Corp.			
Loss per share - basic (<i>Note 19</i>)	\$	(0.01) \$	(0.03)
Weighted average number of shares - basic (Note 19)	*	728,558,632	691,818,526
Loss per share - diluted (Note 19)	\$	(0.01) \$	(0.03)
Weighted average number of shares - diluted (Note 19)	,	728,558,632	691,818,526
		-,,	,,

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 unaudited - expressed in thousands of US dollars

		2024	2023	
Net loss		(5,766) \$	(28,950)	
Other comprehensive income ("OCI")				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Change in fair value of marketable securities, net of tax of \$nil (2023 - \$ 262)		69	465	
Remeasurement for retirement benefit plans, net of tax of \$nil (2023 - \$nil)		_	(79)	
		69	386	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Foreign currency translation adjustment			6	
		_	6	
Total other comprehensive income for the period		69	392	
Total comprehensive loss	\$	(5,697) \$	(28,558)	
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:				
Shareholders of Capstone Copper Corp.	\$	(4,768) \$	(19,610)	
Non-controlling interest (Note 11)	Ψ	(4,700) ψ (929)	(8,948)	
Train domining marrow (rivie 77)	\$	(5,697) \$	(28,558)	

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

unaudited - expressed in thousands of US dollars

	2024		2023	
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities	•	(E 766) ¢	(20.050)	
Net loss Adjustments for:	\$	(5,766) \$	(28,950)	
Adjustments for:		60 571	45.270	
Depletion and amortization (Note 20)		69,571 6,730	45,279	
Income tax expense (Note 15)		6,739	(10,218)	
Inventory write-down (Note 7)		(1,001)	3,885	
Share-based compensation expense (Note 17)		7,127	12,018	
Net finance costs		8,482	6,532	
Unrealized (gain) loss on foreign exchange		(7,402)	654	
Unrealized gain on derivatives		2,334	34,575	
Gold stream obligation (Note 22)		600	_	
Gain on disposal of assets and other		(1,263)	(200)	
Amortization of deferred revenue and variable consideration adjustments (Note 14)		(2,999)	(2,441)	
Income taxes paid		(10,582)	(19,722)	
Payments on Minto obligation (Note 16)		(2,883)	_	
Other (payments) receipts		(833)	322	
Operating cash flow before working capital and other non-cash changes		62,124	41,734	
Changes in non-cash working capital (Note 20)		(14,827)	(38,817)	
Other non-cash changes (Note 20)		(907)	908	
Operating cash flow		46,390	3,825	
Investing activities				
Mineral properties, plant and equipment additions		(97,074)	(174,348)	
Finance costs capitalized on construction in progress		(21,252)	(12,300)	
Proceeds on disposal of assets and other		1,389	1,771	
Investing cash flow		(116,937)	(184,877)	
Financing activities				
Proceeds from borrowings (Note 13)		76,500	127,000	
Repayment of borrowings (Note 13)		(258,500)	(30,000)	
Proceeds from related party (Note 11)		21,000	24,000	
Repayment of lease obligations (Note 12)		(12,292)	(9,574)	
Proceeds from the exercise of options		641	2,371	
Net proceeds from issuance of shares (Note 17)		252,947	_	
Net receipts (payments) for settlement of derivatives		408	(1,076)	
Interest paid on long-term debt and surety bonds		(3,745)	(2,484)	
Financing cash flow		76,959	110,237	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(1,397)	6	
Increase in (decrease in) cash and cash equivalents		5,015	(70,809)	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period		126,016	170,307	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$	131,031 \$	99,498	

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 20)

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

unaudited - expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share amounts

			Reserve for							
	Newsbares	01	equity settled	Based action	Foreign currency	Share	Detelorat	Total attributable	Non-	
	Number of shares		share-based transactions	Revaluation reserve	translation reserve	purchase reserve	Retained earnings	to equity holders	controlling interest	Total equity
January 1, 2024	696,073,153	\$ 2,451,572	\$ 59,241	\$ (1,306) \$	(17,101) \$	(705) \$	168,886	\$ 2,660,587 \$	405,535	\$ 3,066,122
Shares issued on exercise of options (Note 17)	415,339	950	(309)	_	_	_	_	641	_	641
Shares issued under TSUP (Note 17)	368,572	978	(978)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Share-based compensation (Note 17)	_	_	3,284	_	_	_	_	3,284	_	3,284
Settlement of share units	_	_	_	_	_	687	2,129	2,816	_	2,816
Shares issued under the Offering	56,548,000	252,947	_	_	_	_	_	252,947	_	252,947
Change in fair value of marketable securities	_	_	_	69	_	_	_	69	_	69
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4,837)	(4,837)	(929)	(5,766)
March 31, 2024	753,405,064	\$ 2,706,447	\$ 61,238	\$ (1,237) \$	(17,101) \$	(18) \$	166,178	\$ 2,915,507 \$	404,606	\$ 3,320,113

	Number of shares	Share capital	Reserve for equity settled share-based transactions	Revaluation reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Share purchase reserve		Total attributable to equity holders	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
Balance - January 1, 2023	691,639,972	2,447,377	56,751	4,178	(17,101)	(2,500)	262,512	2,751,217	428,639	3,179,856
Shares issued on exercise of options	2,416,014	2,183	(700)	_	_	_	_	1,483	_	1,483
Share-based compensation	_	_	982	_	_	_	_	982	_	982
Shares issued under TSUP	56,126	188	(188)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Settlement of share units	_	_	_	_	_	1,755	7,847	9,602	_	9,602
Change in fair value of marketable securities	_	_	_	465	_	_	_	465	_	465
Remeasurements for retirement benefit plans	_	_	_	(79)	_	_	_	(79)	_	(79)
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	(20,002)	(20,002)	(8,948)	(28,950)
Foreign currency translation	_	_	_	_	6	_	_	6	_	6
March 31, 2023	694,112,112	\$ 2,449,748	\$ 56,845	4,564 \$	(17,095) \$	(745) \$	250,357	\$ 2,743,674 \$	419,691 \$	3,163,365

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023
(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

1. Nature of Operations

The accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements for Capstone Copper Corp. (the "Company" or "Capstone Copper") have been prepared as at March 31, 2024. The Company is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange, and, effective February 2, 2024, was admitted to the official list of the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") as an ASX Foreign Exempt Listing.

Capstone Copper Corp., through a wholly owned Chilean subsidiary, Mantos Copper S.A., owns and operates the Mantos Blancos mine, located forty-five kilometers northeast of Antofagasta, Chile and the 70%-owned Mantoverde mine, through a Chilean subsidiary, Mantoverde S.A., located fifty kilometers southeast of Chanaral, Chile.

The Company is also engaged in the production of and exploration for base metals in the United Sates ("US"), Mexico, and Chile, with a focus on copper. Pinto Valley Mining Corp. ("Pinto Valley"), a wholly owned US subsidiary, owns and operates the Pinto Valley mine located in Arizona, US. Capstone Gold, S.A. de C.V. ("Capstone Gold"), a wholly owned Mexican subsidiary, owns and operates the Cozamin mine located in Zacatecas, Mexico, and has a portfolio of exploration properties in Mexico. Minera Santo Domingo SCM, a wholly owned Chilean subsidiary of Acquisition Co, holds the fully permitted Santo Domingo copper-iron-gold-cobalt development project in the Atacama region of Chile, 35km northeast of Mantoverde. Capstone Mining Chile SpA, a wholly owned Chilean subsidiary, is performing exploration for base metal deposits in Chile.

The Company's head office, registered and records office and principal address are located at 2100 - 510 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada and the Company is incorporated in British Columbia.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issuance on May 2, 2024.

2. Basis of preparation and consolidation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting using the same accounting policies and methods of application as the audited annual consolidated financial statements of Capstone for the year ended December 31, 2023, which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value. The policies were consistently applied to all of the periods presented, except as noted below.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with changes in the presentation of the current year. These reclassifications had no effect on the previously reported operating cash flow, net income and net equity for the comparative period.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023
(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

3 Material Accounting Policy Information, Estimates and Judgements

The Company's management makes judgements in its process of applying the Company's accounting policies in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements. In addition, the preparation of the financial data requires that the Company's management makes assumptions and estimates of the impacts of uncertain future events on the carrying amounts of the Company's assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from estimates as the estimation process is inherently uncertain. Estimates are reviewed on an ongoing basis based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates and the resulting impacts on the carrying amounts of the Company's assets and liabilities are accounted for prospectively.

In preparing the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company applied the critical judgements and estimates disclosed in Note 3 of its consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, in addition to the accounting policies noted below.

4 Adoption of New and Revised IFRS and IFRS Not Yet Effective

New IFRS Pronouncements

Issued and effective January 1, 2024

In January 2020 and October 2022, the IASB issued amendments to International Accounting Standards 1 ("IAS 1"), Presentation of Financial Statements, to clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Liabilities should be classified as non-current if a company has a substantive right to defer settlement for at least 12 months at the end of the reporting period. Rights are in existence if covenants are complied with at the end of the reporting period. Settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, or other assets or services. In addition, the amendment required entities to disclose information to enable users of the financial statements to understand the risk that non-current liabilities with covenants could become repayable within twelve months. The amendments became effective January 1, 2024, with retrospective application required on adoption. The Company assessed the impact of this amendment and determined it does not have a significant effect on the Company's financial statements.

In September 2022, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback. The amendments require a seller-lessee to subsequently measure lease liabilities arising from a leaseback in a way that it does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. The new requirements do not prevent a seller-lessee from recognizing in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of a lease. A seller-lessee applies the amendments retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application. The amendments became effective January 1, 2024. The Company assessed the impact of this amendment and determined it does not have a significant effect on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2023, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows and IFRS 7, Financial Instruments Disclosures to provide guidance on disclosures related to supplier finance arrangements that enable users of financial statements to assess the effects of these arrangements on the entity's liabilities and cash flows and on the entity's exposure to liquidity risk. The amendments became effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. The Company assessed the impact of this amendment and determined it does not have a significant effect on the Company's financial statements and has updated required disclosures accordingly.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

Issued but not yet effective

In April 2024, the IASB issued a new IFRS accounting standard to improve the reporting of financial performance. IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements replaces IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. The standard will become effective January 1, 2027, with early adoption permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of this new standard on the Company's financial statements.

5. Financial Instruments

Fair value of financial instruments

Certain of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a recurring basis and classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Certain non-financial assets and liabilities may also be measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. There are three levels of fair value hierarchy that prioritize the inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure fair value, with Level 1 having the highest priority. The levels and valuations techniques used to value the financial assets and liabilities are as follows:

Level 1 – Fair values measured using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments.

Short term investments and marketable securities are valued using quoted market prices in active markets. Accordingly, these items are included in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Level 2 – Fair values measured using directly or indirectly observable inputs, other than those included in Level 1.

Derivative instruments are included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as they are valued using pricing models or discounted cash flow models. These models require a variety of inputs, including, but not limited to, market prices, forward price curves, yield curve and credit spreads. These inputs are obtained from or corroborated with the market. Also included in Level 2 are receivables from provisional pricing on copper concentrate and cathode sales because they are valued using quoted market prices derived based on forward curves for the respective commodities and published priced assessments.

Level 3 – Fair values measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data.

As of March 31, 2024 the Company's classification of financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy are summarized below:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Short-term investments	\$ 770 \$	— \$	— \$	770
Copper concentrate receivables (Note 6)	_	81,748	_	81,748
Copper cathode receivables (Note 6)	_	44,104	_	44,104
Derivative assets	_	35,350	_	35,350
Investment in marketable securities (Note 9)	873	_	_	873
	\$ 1,643 \$	161,202 \$	— \$	162,845
Financial liabilities				
Derivative liabilities	\$ — \$	20,540 \$	— \$	20,540
Gold stream liability	_	_	7,700	7,700
	\$ — \$	20,540 \$	7,700 \$	28,240

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

The Company's policy for determining when a transfer occurs between levels in the fair value hierarchy is to assess the impact at the date of the event or the change in circumstances that could result in a transfer. There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Set out below are the Company's financial assets by category:

	March 31, 2024								
	_	Fair value ough profit or loss	Fair valu			Amortized cost	Total		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_		_	\$	131,031 \$	131,031		
Short-term investments		770		_		<u> </u>	770		
Copper concentrate receivables (Note 6)		81,748		_		_	81,748		
Copper cathode receivables (Note 6)		44,104		_		_	44,104		
Other receivables (Note 6)		_		_		15,379	15,379		
Derivative assets		35,350		_		_	35,350		
Investment in marketable securities (Note 9)		_		873		_	873		
	\$	161,972	\$	873	\$	146,410 \$	309,255		

	December 31, 2023								
	F	air value							
	thi	rough profit	Fair value						
		or loss	through OCI	Am	nortized cost	Total			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$ —	\$	126,016 \$	126,016			
Short-term investments		804	_		_	804			
Copper concentrate receivables (Note 6)		73,800	_		_	73,800			
Copper cathode receivables (Note 6)		34,549	_		_	34,549			
Other receivables (Note 6)		_	_		14,671	14,671			
Derivative assets		35,549	_		_	35,549			
Investment in marketable securities (Note 9)		_	824		_	824			
	\$	144,702	\$ 824	\$	140,687 \$	286,213			

Set out below are the Company's financial liabilities by category:

	March 31, 2024						
	thro	air value ough profit or loss	Amortized cost	Total			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	— \$	269,988 \$	269,988			
Long-term debt (Note 13)		_	816,535	816,535			
Due to related party (Note 11)		_	219,723	219,723			
Derivative liabilities		20,540	_	20,540			
Working capital facility (Note 10)		_	33,339	33,339			
Payable on purchase of non-controlling interest (Note 10)		_	42,883	42,883			
Gold stream obligation (Note 10)		7,700	_	7,700			
	\$	28,240 \$	1,382,468 \$	1,410,708			

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

	December 31, 2023						
	Fair value						
	th	rough profit					
		or loss /	Amortized cost	Total			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	— \$	272,277 \$	272,277			
Long-term debt (Note 13)		_	998,655	998,655			
Due to related party (Note 11)		_	195,872	195,872			
Derivative liabilities		16,788	_	16,788			
Working capital facility (Note 10)		_	25,618	25,618			
Payable on purchase of non-controlling interest (Note 10)		_	42,389	42,389			
Gold stream obligation (Note 10)		7,100	_	7,100			
	\$	23,888 \$	1,534,811 \$	1,558,699			

There have been no changes during the three months ended March 31, 2024, in how the Company categorizes its financial assets and liabilities by fair value through profit or loss, fair value through OCI, or amortized cost.

Financial instruments and related risks

The Company's activities expose it to financial risks of varying degrees of significance which could affect its ability to achieve its strategic objectives for growth and shareholder returns. The principal financial risks to which the Company is exposed are commodity price risk, credit risk, foreign exchange risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework and reviews the Company's policies on an ongoing basis. There have been no significant changes in the Company's exposure to these financial risks.

Derivative instruments

As at March 31, 2024, the Company's derivative financial instruments are composed of copper commodity swap contracts, copper zero-cost collar contracts, interest rate swap contracts, foreign currency zero-cost collars ("ZCC"), forward and swap contracts and quotational pricing contracts.

The Company operates on an international basis and therefore foreign exchange risk exposures arise from transactions denominated in a foreign currency. The Company's foreign exchange risk arises primarily with respect to the Chilean Peso ("CLP"), the Chilean Unidad de Fometo ("UF"), the Mexican Peso ("MXN") and the Canadian dollar ("CDN"). The UF is an artificial inflation-indexed monetary unit used in Chile to denominate certain contracts. The Company's cash flows from Chilean and Mexican operations are exposed to foreign exchange risk, as commodity sales are denominated in US dollars and a certain portion of operating and capital expenses is denominated in local currencies. As such, the Company may use foreign exchange forward and swap contracts and ZCCs to mitigate changes in foreign exchange rates.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

The Company's outstanding derivative instruments as of March 31, 2024, are as follows:

Type	Contract description	Remaining term	Put strike	Call strike / Fixed rate	Notional tonnes / Quantity
Commodity (i)	Fixed-for-Floating Swaps Copper	April - June 2024	\$—	\$3.39/lb	5,700 tonnes
Commodity (ii)	Fixed-for-Floating Swaps Copper	April - June 2024	\$—	\$3.79/lb	3,394 tonnes
	ZCC - Call and Put Option		\$3.55/lb	\$4.22/lb	
Commodity (ii)	Contracts - Copper Fixed-for-floating swaps	April - June 2024 April 2024 - March	\$3.75/lb	\$4.50/lb	7,920 tonnes \$520 million
Interest rate (iii)	adjusted SOFR	2030	_	1.015%	USD
Interest rate (iii)	Floor options adjusted SOFR	April 2024 - September 2025	_	0%	\$520 million USD
Foreign currency (iv)	Foreign Exchange Swaps - UF	April - May 2024	_	41.70	0.05 million UF
Foreign currency (v)	Foreign exchange ZCC - CLP	April - December 2024	825.00 835.00	922.50 955.00	103.4 billion CLP
Foreign currency (v)	Foreign exchange ZCC - CLP	January - December 2025	900.00 930.00	981.50 1,027.00	54.0 billion CLP
Foreign currency (vi)	Foreign exchange ZCC - CAD	April - December 2024	1.35	1.39	\$7.5 million CAD
Foreign currency (vii)	Foreign exchange ZCC - MXN	April - December 2024	18.00 18.25	20.20 20.50	497 million MXN
Quotational pricing contracts (viii)	Copper time-spread swaps	April - June 2024	_	_	11,310 tonnes

Set out below are the Company's derivative financial assets and financial liabilities:

	Marc	ch 31, 2024	Decem	nber 31, 2023
Derivative financial assets:				
Foreign currency contracts	\$	1,907	\$	2,139
Interest rate swap contracts		15,268		16,845
Total derivative financial assets - current		17,175		18,984
Interest rate swap contracts		18,175		16,565
Total derivative financial assets - non-current	\$	18,175	\$	16,565
Derivative financial liabilities:				
Foreign currency contracts		6,681		1,503
Copper commodity contracts		9,349		13,484
Quotational pricing contracts		3,416		1,801
Total derivative financial liabilities - current	\$	19,446	\$	16,788
Foreign currency contracts		1,094		_
Total derivative financial liabilities - non-current	\$	1,094	\$	_

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

Set out below are the Company's realized and unrealized gains and losses on derivative financial instruments:

Three months ended March 31,

	2024	2023
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments:		
Foreign currency contracts	\$ (6,501) \$	2,959
Copper commodity contracts	4,134	(30,244)
Interest rate swap contracts	33	(7,290)
Total unrealized loss on derivative financial instruments	(2,334)	(34,575)
Realized gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments:		
Foreign currency contracts	(699)	885
Copper commodity contracts	(6,684)	(15,509)
Interest rate swap contracts	5,979	4,364
Total realized loss on derivative financial instruments	(1,404)	(10,260)
Total unrealized and realized loss on derivative financial		
instruments:	\$ (3,738) \$	(44,835)

^{*} Amounts above do not include unrealized and realized gains and losses related to the Company's quotational pricing contracts as these amounts are included in pricing and volume adjustments on copper concentrate sales (Note 18).

6. Receivables

Details are as follows:

	Mar	ch 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Copper cathode	\$	44,104 \$	34,549
Copper concentrate		81,748	73,800
Value added taxes and other taxes receivable		16,724	16,345
Income taxes receivable		8,614	7,953
Other		15,379	14,671
Total receivables	\$	166,569 \$	147,318

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

7. Inventories

Details are as follows:

	Marc	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Current:					
Materials and consumables	\$	86,504	\$	82,478	
Ore stockpiles		13,585		14,003	
Work-in-progress		23,851		21,477	
Finished goods - copper cathode		15,932		16,400	
Finished goods - copper concentrate		13,935		15,255	
Total inventories - current	\$	153,807	\$	149,613	
Non-current:					
Ore stockpiles (Note 9) (i)		9,660		8,474	
Total inventories - non-current	\$	9,660	\$	8,474	

i. Non-current inventory is composed of ore stockpiles at the Mantos Blancos mine.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, concentrate and cathode inventories recognized as production costs, including depletion and amortization, amounted to \$317.2 million (2023 – \$288.3 million).

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company recorded recovery of write-downs of \$1.0 million related to Mantoverde's cathode inventories and Pinto Valley's supplies inventories which were recorded as production costs.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recorded write-downs of \$3.9 million related to Mantos Blancos and Mantoverde's cathode inventories which were recorded as production costs.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

8. Mineral Properties, Plant and Equipment

Details are as follows:

	Mineral properties			Plant	and equipme		
						Not subject	
			Non-			to	
	<u>Depleta</u>	<u>able</u>	<u>depletable</u>	Subject to am	ortization a	<u>amortization</u>	
			Mineral				
			exploration				
	Producing	D - f l	and	Dit 0 D	dallak aktoria d	O 4 4'	
	mineral properties	Deferred stripping	development properties	Plant & R equipment	5	Construction in progress	Total
At January 1, 2024, net			\$ 837,812				\$ 5,286,257
	\$ 1,672,727	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Additions	_	45,899	11,755	2,555	46,728	63,054	169,991
Disposals	_	_	(37)	(84)	_	_	(121)
Rehabilitation provision adjustments	(6,397)	_	_	_	_	_	(6,397)
Reclassifications	23,945	2,198	(23,784)	26,245	(2,742)	(25,862)	_
Depletion and amortization	(20,624)	(17,464)	_	(24,861)	(4,109)	_	(67,058)
At March 31, 2024, net	\$ 1,669,651	338,314	\$ 825,746	\$ 1,166,258 \$	173,973 \$	1,208,730	\$ 5,382,672
At March 31, 2024:							
Cost	\$ 2,200,334 \$	517,733	\$ 825,746	\$ 2,911,485 \$	294,274 \$	1,208,730	\$ 7,958,302
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(530,683)	(179,419)	_	(1,745,227)	(120,301)	_	(2,575,630)
Net carrying amount	\$ 1,669,651	338,314	\$ 825,746	\$ 1,166,258 \$	173,973 \$	1,208,730	\$ 5,382,672

During the period ended March 31, 2024, the Company capitalized \$21.6 million (2023 - \$13.0 million) of finance costs to Construction in Progress, at a weighted average interest rate of 7.8%.

During the period ended March 31, 2024, the Company capitalized \$46.7 million (2023 - \$8.5 million) in lease costs to right of use assets primarily related to the Mantoverde mine.

During the period ended March 31, 2024, the Company capitalized \$45.9 million (2023 - \$46.8 million) of stripping costs to deferred stripping and depletable mineral properties.

The Company's exploration costs were as follows:

	Thre	e months ende	d March 31,
		2024	2023
Exploration capitalized to mineral properties	\$	2,303 \$	348
Greenfield exploration expensed to the statement of loss		310	1,199
	\$	2,613 \$	1,547

Exploration capitalized to mineral properties during the period ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, relates to brownfield exploration at the Mantoverde, Mantos Blancos and Cozamin mines. Greenfield exploration expenses during the period ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 related primarily to exploration efforts in the US and Chile.

As at March 31, 2024, construction in progress primarily relates to capital costs incurred in connection with the Mantoverde Development Project ("MVDP"), and expansionary and sustaining capital at the Mantos Blancos and Pinto Valley mines. Capital expenditures committed as at March 31, 2024, but not yet incurred, is \$44.4 million (December 31, 2023 - \$32.9 million).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

As at March 31, 2024, the Revolving Credit Facility ("RCF") (*Note 13*) was secured by the Pinto Valley, Cozamin and Mantos Blancos mineral properties, and plant and equipment with a net carrying value of \$2,020.6 million (December 31, 2023 – \$2,027.0 million).

9. Other Assets

Details are as follows:

	Marc	ch 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	
Current:				
Prepaids	\$	35,437	\$	36,612
Deposits		4,777		4,710
Other		3,622		2,800
Total other assets - current	\$	43,836	\$	44,122
Non-current:				
Prepayments		18,045		18,045
Ore stockpiles (Note 7)		9,660		8,474
Investments in marketable securities		873		824
Finance lease receivable		34		_
Deposits		221		390
Other		2,235		3,102
Total other assets - non-current	\$	31,068	\$	30,835

10. Other Liabilities

Details are as follows:

	Marc	h 31, 2024	Decer	mber 31, 2023
Current:				
Current portion of share-based payment obligations (Note 17)	\$	8,377	\$	8,455
Current portion of payable on purchase of NCI (Note 11)		42,883		
Current portion of deferred revenue (Note 14)		12,393		12,139
Current portion of Minto obligation (Note 17)		22,101		23,943
Working capital facility		33,339		25,618
Other		_		1,257
Total other liabilities - current	\$	119,093	\$	71,412
Non-current:				
Retirement benefit liabilities	\$	13,217	\$	13,036
Non-current portion of payable on purchase of NCI		_		42,389
Gold stream obligation (Note 22)		7,700		7,100
Other		_		1,603
Total other liabilities - non-current	\$	20,917	\$	64,128

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
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Working Capital Facility

During the period ended March 31, 2024, one of the Company's Chilean subsidiaries entered into a series of three-month facilities with a fixed interest rate of 6.41% for the purposes of working capital management. As at March 31, 2024, the balance of the facility was \$33.3 million, including accrued interest of \$0.3 million.

Payable on purchase of NCI

On March 24, 2021, the Company completed a Share Purchase Agreement (the "SPA") with Korea Resources Corporation ("KORES") to purchase KORES' 30% ownership interest in Acquisition Co. for cash consideration of \$120 million and non-cash consideration of \$32.4 million, enabling the Company's consolidation of 100% ownership in Santo Domingo.

As at March 31, 2024, an unsecured liability of \$42.9 million (December 31, 2023 - \$42.4 million) has been recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position equal to the discounted amount of the remaining \$45 million of cash consideration to be paid to KORES on March 24, 2025. The discounted amount of the remaining \$45 million will be accreted up to its face value at 5% per annum. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, \$0.5 million (March 31, 2023 - \$0.5 million) of accretion was recorded in accretion expense in the consolidated statements of loss.

Gold stream obligation

During the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company recognized an obligation related to a completion test on the Santo Domingo gold stream. The fair value of the embedded derivative at March 31, 2024 was a liability of \$7.7 million (December 31, 2023 - \$7.1 million).

11. Non-Controlling Interest

As part of the financing for the MVDP, Mitsubishi Materials Corporation ("MMC") acquired a 30% non-controlling interest in Mantoverde S.A., and agreed to make an additional \$20 million contingent payment upon satisfaction of certain technical requirements relating to the expansion of the tailings storage facility.

In addition to the contingent arrangement, MMC agreed to provide a \$60 million Cost Overrun Facility ("COF") in exchange for additional off-take of copper concentrate production under a 10-year contract (Note 24). The COF initially carried an interest rate of 3-month US\$ LIBOR plus 1.70% and amortizing over 37 quarters from the earlier of September 30, 2024 or three quarters after project completion. As a result of Interest Rate Benchmark Reform, the Company completed the transition from LIBOR to an adjusted secured overnight financing rate ("SOFR") with MMC. The transition resulted in a variable rate of SOFR compounded daily to a 3-month period plus 0.2616% per annum, with margins unchanged.

In addition to the COF, MMC advanced its pro-rata share of funding requests, which amounted to an additional \$150.9 million, to Mantoverde in the form of a shareholder loan forming part of the financing for the MVDP. Total funds advanced by MMC at March 31, 2024, including accrued interest of \$8.8 million (December 31, 2023 - \$6.0 million), was \$219.7 million (December 31, 2023 - \$195.9 million).

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Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

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Details of the due to related party balances are as follows:

COF		COF	Shareholder Loans		Total	
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$	60,000	\$	_	\$	60,000
Additions		_		24,000		24,000
Interest expense		1,028		227		1,255
Interest repayments		(1,028)		_		(1,028)
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$	60,000	\$	24,227	\$	84,227
Additions		_		105,900		105,900
Interest expense		3,249		5,744		8,993
Interest repayments		(2,140)		_		(2,140)
Unpaid interest at year-end		(1,109)		_		(1,109)
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$	60,000	\$	135,871	\$	195,871
Additions		_		21,000		21,000
Interest expense		1,097		2,864		3,961
Interest repayments		(1,109)		_		(1,109)
Balance, March 31, 2024	\$	59,988	\$	159,735		219,723
Less: current portion		(4,853)		_		(4,853)
Non-current portion	\$	55,135	\$	159,735	\$	214,870

For a summary of the financial information for Mantoverde refer to Note 24 where it is shown on a 100% basis:

	Period ended March 31,		Year ended December 31,		
		2024	20)23	
Opening balance	\$	405,535	\$	428,639	
Share of comprehensive (loss) profit for the period		(929)	1	(23,104)	
Non-controlling interest	\$	404,606	\$	405,535	

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Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023
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12. Lease Liabilities

Details are as follows:

	Total
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 103,897
Additions	8,353
Payments	(9,574)
Accretion expense	1,869
Foreign currency translation adjustment	587
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$ 105,132
Additions	61,144
Payments	(33,153)
Reclassifications (i)	(3,300)
Accretion expense	6,810
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(134)
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ 136,499
Additions	46,728
Payments	(12,292)
Accretion expense	2,667
Foreign currency translation adjustment	32
Balance, March 31, 2024	\$ 173,634
Less: current portion	(38,036)
Non-current portion	\$ 135,598

i. Relates to an advance payment made during the year ended December 31, 2022, reclassified against the lease liability.

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13. Long-Term Debt

Details of the long-term debt balances are as follows:

M	antoverde		
De	velopment	Revolving Credit	
Pro	ject Facility	Facility	Total
\$	527,498	\$ 71,577 \$	599,075
	_	127,000	127,000
	_	(30,000)	(30,000)
	(227)	267	40
	_	(82)	(82)
\$	527,271	\$ 168,762 \$	696,033
	_	392,375	392,375
	_	(90,375)	(90,375)
	(692)	744	52
	_	(2,150)	(2,150)
	_	2,721	2,721
\$	526,579	\$ 472,077 \$	998,656
	_	76,500	76,500
	_	(258,500)	(258,500)
	(229)	175	(54)
	_	(67)	(67)
\$	526,350	\$ 290,185 \$	816,535
	(42,456)	_	(42,456)
\$	483,894	\$ 290,185 \$	774,079
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 526,579 \$ 526,579 (229) (42,456)	Development Project Facility Revolving Credit Facility \$ 527,498 71,577 — 127,000 — (30,000) — (82) \$ 527,271 168,762 — (90,375) — (90,375) — (2,150) — 2,721 \$ 526,579 472,077 — 76,500 — (258,500) (229) 175 — (67) \$ 526,350 290,185 (42,456) —

Mantoverde Development Project Facility

In order to fund the construction of MVDP, the Company secured a senior secured amortizing project debt facility in an aggregate amount of \$520 million (the "MVDP Facility", comprising the "Covered Facility" \$250 million, the "Uncovered Facility" \$210 million, and the "ECA Direct Facility" \$60 million). These project finance facilities are subject to affirmative, financial and restrictive covenants that include obligations to maintain the security interests in favour of the lenders over substantially all of the Mantoverde assets, insurance coverage, maintenance of off-take agreements, environmental and social compliance, restrictions on new financial indebtedness, distributions and dispositions, and compliance with certain financial ratios. As at March 31, 2024, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

At March 31, 2024, \$520 million was drawn on the MVDP Facility with \$6.4 million recognized as an adjustment to record the debt at its fair value as required as part of the accounting for the business combination with Mantos (December 31, 2023 - \$520 million and \$6.6 million). This fair value adjustment amortizes down to its historical cost over the duration of the MVDP Facility.

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Interest on borrowings under the MVDP Facility is payable quarterly. As a result of Interest Rate Benchmark Reform, the Company has completed the transition from LIBOR to an adjusted SOFR for its MVDP debt financing facility. The transition resulted in a variable rate of SOFR compounded daily to a 3-month period plus 0.2616% per annum, with margins unchanged (i.e., 1.65% for the Covered Facility and, with respect to the Uncovered Facility, a rate of 3.75% and, with respect to the ECA Direct Facility, a rate of 4.00% pre-completion of the MVDP, and decreasing to 3.50% and 3.75% respectively post-completion of the MVDP). Pursuant to the Covered Facility, an export credit agency guaranteed premium of 2.05% per annum is also payable quarterly and calculated over amounts outstanding under the Covered Facility. The MVDP Facility is secured by a comprehensive security package covering substantially all of the Mantoverde assets. The MVDP Facility amortizes from the earlier of September 30, 2024 and 180 days after project completion until December 2030 for the Uncovered Facility and December 2032 for the Covered Facility and ECA Direct Facility.

To mitigate the risk of movements in interest rates, and in compliance with a covenant in the MVDP Facility, a subsidiary of the Company entered into a fixed-for-floating SOFR swap at 1.015% with floating rate of daily SOFR, compounded to a quarterly rate, plus 0.2616% adjustment. The fixed-for-floating swap notional represents the notional amount as of the reporting period. The derivative instruments are a series of quarterly contracts, with notional amounts in line with planned quarterly balances based on expected project finance debt drawdown and expected amortization.

Revolving Credit Facility

On September 22, 2023, Capstone amended its RCF to increase the aggregate commitments from \$600 million to \$700 million and extended the maturity from May 2026 to September 2027. The Amended RCF bears interest on a sliding scale of adjusted term SOFR plus a margin of 2.000% to 2.875%. This amendment was treated as an extinguishment of the previous debt facility, resulting in \$2.7 million of deferred financing fees being written off during the year ended December 31, 2023.

The interest rate at March 31, 2024 was one-month adjusted term SOFR of 5.43% plus 2.375% (2023 - adjusted term SOFR of 5.46% plus 2.125%) with a standby fee of 0.53% (2023 – 0.48%) payable on the undrawn balance (adjustable in certain circumstances).

The RCF is secured against the present and future real and personal property, assets and undertakings of Capstone Copper other than defined excluded entities which comprise the Mantoverde mine property and the Santo Domingo development property.

The RCF requires Capstone to maintain certain financial ratios relating to debt and interest coverage. Capstone was in compliance with these covenants as at March 31, 2024.

Surety Bonds

As at March 31, 2024, the Company has in place seven surety bonds totaling \$252.9 million to support various reclamation and other obligation bonding requirements. These comprise \$182.0 million securing reclamation obligations at Pinto Valley, \$4.0 million provided as security as part of a power supply agreement at Pinto Valley, \$1.8 million related to the construction of a port for the Santo Domingo development project in Chile, \$26.4 million at Mantoverde, and \$38.7 million at Mantos Blancos, respectively, securing reclamation obligations. The Company is also an Indemnitor to the surety bond provider for the surety bond obligations of Minto Metals Corp. ("Minto Metals") (*Note 16*).

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14. Deferred Revenue

Silver Precious Metals Purchase Arrangement ("Silver PMPA")

On February 19, 2021, Capstone Mining concluded the Silver PMPA with Wheaton Precious Metals ("Wheaton") whereby Capstone received an upfront cash consideration of \$150 million against delivery of 50% of the silver production from the Cozamin mine until 10 million ounces have been delivered, thereafter dropping to 33% of silver production for the remaining life of mine. In addition to the upfront cash consideration of \$150 million, as silver is delivered under the terms of the Silver PMPA, the Company receives cash payments equal to 10% of the spot silver price at the time of delivery for each ounce delivered to Wheaton. The Silver PMPA is effective December 1, 2020. Wheaton has been provided certain security in support of the Company's obligations under the Silver PMPA.

The Company recorded the upfront cash consideration received of \$150 million as deferred revenue and recognizes amounts in revenue as silver is delivered under the Silver PMPA. Capstone determines the amortization of deferred revenue to the consolidated statements of loss on a per unit basis using the estimated total number of silver ounces expected to be delivered over the life of the Cozamin mine. The amortization rate requires the use of proven and probable mineral reserves and certain mineral resources which management is reasonably confident will be transferred to mineral reserves. The Company estimates the current portion of deferred revenue based on deliveries anticipated over the next twelve months. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company delivered 118,337 ounces (2023 - 111,864 ounces) of silver to Wheaton under the Silver PMPA.

The agreement with Wheaton includes a completion test which requires the completion of the paste backfill plant by December 31, 2023, and production of at least 105,000 cubic meters of suitable past backfill for use in the underground operations at Cozamin over a consecutive 90-day period. The Company failed to achieve the completed requirements and believes the Company's exposure is a range of \$nil to \$4.6 million based on the ratio of paste backfill that was used in the underground operation, compared to the target of 105,000 tonnes.

Gold Precious Metals Purchase Arrangement ("Gold PMPA")

On April 21, 2021, Capstone Mining received an early deposit of \$30 million ("the Early Deposit") in relation to the Gold PMPA with Wheaton effective March 24, 2021. If completion has not been achieved on or before the third anniversary date of receiving the early deposit, and early deposit delay payment will be triggered that would require the company to sell and deliver 104 ounces of refined gold per month until the earlier of: the month completion is achieved, the month in which the early deposit is repaid to Wheaton or the month which refined gold is first sold and delivered to Wheaton. In the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company recorded an obligation under the gold stream of \$7.1 million. As of March 31, 2024 the value of the obligation increased by \$0.6 million to \$7.7 million.

Additional deposits of \$260 million are to be received under the Gold PMPA over the Santo Domingo construction period, subject to sufficient financing having been obtained to cover total expected capital expenditures and other customary conditions, for total consideration of \$290 million (collectively "the Deposit"). Wheaton will receive 100% of the gold production from the Company's Santo Domingo development project until 285,000 ounces have been delivered, thereafter dropping to 67% of the gold production for the remaining life of mine.

In addition to the deposits of \$290 million, as gold is delivered under the terms of the Gold PMPA, Capstone receives cash payments equal to 18% of the spot gold price at the time of delivery for each ounce delivered to Wheaton, until the Deposit has been reduced to zero, thereafter increasing to 22% of the spot gold price upon delivery. Wheaton has been provided certain security in support of the Company's obligations under the Gold PMPA. The initial term of the Gold PMPA is 20 years.

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Details of changes in the balance of deferred revenue are as follows:

	Silver PMPA	Gold PMPA	Total
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 135,494 \$	33,492	\$ 168,986
Accretion expense	7,528	2,277	9,805
Recognized as revenue on delivery of silver	(13,707)	_	(13,707)
Variable consideration adjustment	(5,326)	_	(5,326)
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ 123,989 \$	35,769	\$ 159,758
Accretion expense	1,736	608	2,344
Recognized as revenue on delivery of silver	(2,999)	_	(2,999)
Balance, March 31, 2024	\$ 122,726 \$	36,377	\$ 159,103
Less: current portion (Note 10)	(12,393)	_	(12,393)
Non-current portion	\$ 110,333 \$	36,377	\$ 146,710

Consideration from the PMPAs is considered variable, as silver and gold stream revenues can be subject to cumulative adjustments when the number of ounces to be delivered under the contracts change, when there is an increase in the Company's mineral reserve and resource estimates or when there are changes to the mine plans.

15. Income Taxes

Income tax expense (recovery) differs from the amount that would result from applying the Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates to earnings before income taxes. These differences result from the following items:

Three months ended March 31, **2024** 2023

	2024		2023
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 973	\$	(39,168)
Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates	27.00 %	6	27.00 %
Income tax expense (recovery) based on the above rates	263		(10,575)
Increase (decrease) due to:			
Non-deductible expenditures	1,981		343
Effects of different statutory tax rates on (income) losses of subsidiaries	(145)		257
Mexican and Chilean mining royalty taxes	903		1,204
Current period losses for which deferred tax assets (were) were not			
recognized	3,093		375
Foreign exchange and other translation adjustments	(940)		(2,464)
Other	1,584		642
Income tax expense (recovery)	\$ 6,739	\$	(10,218)
Current income and mining tax expense (recovery)	\$ 6,749	\$	(1,887)
Deferred income tax expense	(10)		(8,331)
Income tax expense (recovery)	\$ 6,739	\$	(10,218)

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16 Provisions

The reclamation and closure cost obligations relate to the operations of the Pinto Valley, Cozamin, Mantos Blancos and Mantoverde mines.

Details of changes in the balances are as follows:

	Re	clamation								
	8	closure				Other		are-based		
	۵h	cost oligations	_	Minto bligation		closure rovisions	-	payment oligations		Total
Balance, January 1, 2024	\$	214,197		41,186	•	35,360		9,787 S		300,530
Share-based payment expense	Ф	214,197	Ф	41,100	Ф	33,300	Ф	9,707	P	300,530
(Note 17)		_		_		_		4,064		4,064
Change in estimates		(6,397)		_		929		_		(5,468)
Interest expense from discounting										
obligations		2,296		503		404		_		3,203
Settlements during the period		(53)		(2,883)		(1,945))	(4,092)		(8,973)
Currency translation adjustments		_		(968)		(3,100))	(180)		(4,248)
Balance, March 31, 2024	\$	210,043	\$	37,838	\$	31,648	\$	9,579	\$	289,108
Less: Current portion included within	1									
other liabilities (Note 10)		_		(22,101)		_		(8,377)		(30,478)
Total provisions - non-current	\$	210,043	\$	15,737	\$	31,648	\$	1,202	\$	258,630
Balance, January 1, 2023	\$	199,739	\$	_	\$	29,929	\$	40,464	\$	270,132
Additions (Note 5)		_		53,923		_		_		53,923
Share-based payment expense										
(Note 17)		_		_		_		15,045		15,045
Change in estimates		6,741		(2,035)		8,467		_		13,173
Interest expense from discounting										
obligations		8,960		_		1,437		_		10,397
Settlements during the year		(1,243)		(10,407)		(4,791))	(46,071)		(62,512)
Currency translation adjustments		_		(295)	1	318		349		372
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$	214,197	\$	41,186	\$	35,360	\$	9,787	\$	300,530
Less: Current portion included within										
other liabilities (Note 10)				(23,943)		_		(8,455)		(32,398)
Total provisions - non-current	\$	214,197	\$	17,243	\$	35,360	\$	1,332	\$	268,132

Minto Obligation

In June 2019, the Company completed the sale of its 100% interest in the Minto mine to Pembridge Resources PLC ("Pembridge"). In conjunction with the sale, Minto Metals Corp. ("Minto Metals") posted a surety bond to cover potential future reclamation liabilities. While this surety bond is outstanding, the Company remains an Indemnitor to the surety bond provider for Minto Metal's surety bond obligations in the Yukon.

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In May 2023, Minto Metals announced that it had ceased all operations at the Minto mine located within the Selkirk First Nation's territory in central Yukon Territories and that the Yukon Government assumed care and control of the site. As Minto Metals had defaulted on the surety bond and has now entered receivership proceedings, Capstone recognized an initial liability of approximately US\$55 million (C\$72 million) related to the Company's obligations towards the issuer of the surety bond. In estimating the provision, the Company has made assumptions regarding the timing of cash outflows, long-term inflation rates and discount rate. Due to the associated uncertainty of the timing of cash outflows, it is possible that estimates may need to be revised. The Company's exposure on calls against the surety bond is capped at approximately C\$72 million therefore the timing of cash outflows and changes in the C\$:US\$ exchange rate are the largest contributors to the measurement uncertainty.

As at March 31, 2024, the Company has made payments of \$13.3 million (December 31, 2023 - \$10.4 million) to the Yukon Government for reclamation work performed. As at March 31, 2024, the Company has reclassified C\$29.9 million (US\$22.1 million) to other liabilities.

17. Share Capital

Authorized

An unlimited number of common voting shares without par value.

On February 8, 2024, the Company and Orion Fund JV Limited, Orion Mine Finance Fund II LP and Orion Mine Finance (Master) Fund I-A LP (collectively, "Orion") closed a bought deal financing with a syndicate of underwriters ("the Offering"). Pursuant to the Offering, the Underwriters purchased on a bought deal basis from the Company and Orion, a total of 68,448,000 common shares of Capstone ("Common Shares") at a price of C\$6.30 per Common Share (the "Offering Price"), which included the exercise in full of the Underwriters' overallotment option of 8,928,000 Common Shares from the Company, for aggregate gross proceeds under the Offering of C\$431,222,400.

In connection with the Offering, 56,548,000 Common Shares were issued by the Company for gross proceeds to the Company of C\$356.3 million and 11,900,000 shares were sold by Orion for gross proceeds to Orion of C\$75.0 million. The Company did not receive any proceeds from the secondary sale, which were paid directly to Orion.

Stock options

Pursuant to the Company's amended stock option plan, directors may authorize the granting of options to directors, officers and employees of the Company to a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares at the time of grant, with a maximum of 5% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares reserved for any one person annually. Options granted under the plan have a term not to exceed five years, with the vesting term at the discretion of the Board. The exercise price of options granted are denominated in Canadian dollars ("C\$").

The continuity of stock options issued and outstanding is as follows:

	Options	Weighted average
	outstanding	exercise price (C\$)
Outstanding, December 31, 2023	3,542,343	\$ 4.16
Granted	958,560	7.25
Exercised	(415,339	2.09
Outstanding, March 31, 2024	4,085,564	\$ 5.10

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As at March 31, 2024, the following options were outstanding and outstanding and exercisable:

	Outstanding				Outstanding & exercisable			
		We	eighted	Weighted		Weighted	Weighted	
		av	erage	average		average	average	
	Number of	ex	ercise	remaining	Number of	exercise	remaining	
Exercise prices (C\$)	options	pric	e (C\$)	life (years)	options	price (C\$)	life (years)	
\$0.70	683,094	\$	0.70	0.9	683,094	\$ 0.70	0.9	
\$3.47 - \$3.90	743,026		3.88	2.0	732,452	3.89	2.0	
\$4.43 - \$4.72	47,528		4.60	3.4	13,046	4.43	3.7	
\$5.08 - \$5.79	202,637		5.11	3.1	73,921	5.17	3.1	
\$6.00 - \$6.97	1,450,719	\$	6.39	3.5	740,692	\$ 6.54	3.3	
\$7.25	958,560	\$	7.25	9.9		\$ —	<u> </u>	
	4,085,564	\$	5.10	4.3	2,243,205	\$ 3.84	2.1	

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the total fair value of options granted was \$2.9 million (2023 – \$1.9 million) and had a weighted average grant-date fair value of C\$4.59 (2023 – C\$2.99) per option. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the weighted average share price of the 0.4 million options exercised during the period was C\$7.71 (2023 - 2.4 million options and C\$6.27).

Weighted average assumptions used in calculating the fair values of options granted during the period were as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,			
	2024	2023		
Risk-free interest rate	3.35 %	2.99 %		
Expected dividend yield	nil	nil		
Expected share price volatility	60 %	63 %		
Expected forfeiture rate	6.51 %	6.35 %		
Expected life	3.7 years	3.9 years		

Other share-based compensation plans

Under the Share Unit Plan ("SUP"), the Company grants Performance Share Units ("PSUs") and Restricted Share Units ("RSUs"). PSUs granted to executives vest after three years and are subject to a performance measure of 0% to 200%. RSUs granted to executives and employees vest 1/3 per year starting on the first anniversary of the grant date. Under the Director's Deferred Share Unit Plan, the Company grants Deferred Share Units ("DSUs"). DSUs granted to directors vest upon issuance but are not redeemable until cessation of service on the Board.

Under the SUP, PSU and RSU obligations can be settled in cash, shares delivered from a Share Purchase Trust or a combination thereof, as determined by and at the discretion of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors. DSU obligations, under the Director's Deferred Share Unit Plan, are redeemed in cash.

Deferred Share Units

The Company has established a Deferred Share Unit Plan (the "DSU Plan") whereby DSUs are issued to directors as long-term incentive compensation. DSUs issued under the DSU Plan are fully vested upon issuance and entitle the holder to a cash payment only following cessation of service on the Board of Directors. The value of the DSUs when converted to cash will be equal to the number of DSUs granted multiplied by the quoted market value of a Capstone common share at the time the conversion takes place.

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Compensation expense related to DSUs is recorded immediately and is adjusted at each reporting period to reflect the change in quoted market value of the Company's common shares. DSU obligations, under the DSU Plan, are redeemed in cash.

Restricted Share Units and Performance Share Units

The Company has established a Share Unit Plan (the "Plan") whereby RSUs and PSUs are issued as long-term incentive compensation. RSUs are issued to employees. PSUs are issued to executives.

RSUs issued under the Plan entitle the holder to a cash payment, shares delivered from a Share Purchase Trust or a combination thereof, at the end of the vesting period equal to the number of RSUs granted, multiplied by the quoted market value of a Capstone common share on the completion of the vesting period. RSUs granted to employees vest 1/3 per year over their three-year term.

PSUs issued under the Plan entitle the holder to a cash payment, shares delivered from a Share Purchase Trust or a combination thereof, at the end of a three-year performance period equal to the number of PSUs granted, adjusted for a performance factor and multiplied by the quoted market value of a Capstone common share on the completion of the performance period. The performance factor can range from 0% to 200% and is determined by comparing the Company's total shareholder return to those achieved by a peer group of companies.

Compensation expense related to RSUs and PSUs is recorded over the three-year vesting period. The amount of compensation expense is adjusted at each reporting period to reflect the change in quoted market value of the Company's common shares, the number of RSUs and PSUs expected to vest, and in the case of PSUs, the expected performance factor. RSU and PSU obligations, under the Share Unit Plan, can be settled in cash, shares delivered from a Share Purchase Trust or a combination thereof, as determined by and at the discretion of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the total fair value of DSUs, RSUs, and PSUs granted under the SUP was \$8.8 million (2023 – \$6.3 million), and had a weighted average grant-date fair value of C\$7.25 (2023 – C\$6.00) per unit.

PSUs and RSU's awarded to executives have been granted under a Treasury Share Unit Plan ("TSUP"). Treasury PSUs granted to executives vest after three years and are subject to a performance measure of 0% to 200%. Treasury RSUs granted to executives vest 1/3 per year starting on the first anniversary of the grant date. Canadian based executives are able to retain the PSUs and RSUs after vesting and elect when to redeem the units within 10 years of the grant date. Under the TSUP, PSU and RSU obligations can be settled in shares from treasury or cash, at the election of the Company.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the total fair value of units granted under the TSUP was \$4.6 million (2023 – \$2.4 million), and had a weighted average grant-date fair value of C\$4.53 (2023 – C\$5.77) per unit

Weighted average assumptions used in calculating the fair values of units granted under the TSUP during the period were as follows:

Three months ended March 31,

	2024	2023
Risk-free interest rate	3.08 %	2.76 %
Expected dividend yield	nil	nil
Expected share price volatility	61 %	64 %
Expected forfeiture rate	1.66 %	nil
Expected life	8.2 years	8.7 years

No Capstone shares were purchased by the Share Purchase Trust during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

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The continuity of DSUs, RSUs, and PSUs issued and outstanding is as follows:

	Share Unit Plan			Treasury Share	e Unit Plan
	DSUs	RSUs	PSUs	RSUs	PSUs
Outstanding, December 31, 2023	957,331	1,487,114	80,017	876,550	1,853,278
Granted	104,486	1,370,746	179,870	246,469	1,193,880
Forfeited	_	(137,142)	_	_	
Settled	_	(680,340)	(97,940)	(59,852)	(308,720)
Outstanding, March 31, 2024	1,061,817	2,040,378	161,947	1,063,167	2,738,438

Share-based compensation expense:

	Th	Three months ended March 31,			
		2024	2023		
Share-based compensation expense related to stock options	\$	574 \$	488		
Share-based compensation expense related to RSUs and PSUs (TSUP)		2,489	494		
Share-based compensation expense related to DSUs, RSUs and PSUs (SUP)		4,064	11,036		
Total share-based compensation expense	\$	7,127 \$	12,018		

18. Revenue

The Company's revenue breakdown by metal is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,			
		2024	2023	
Copper concentrate	\$	245,137 \$	263,108	
Copper cathode		104,125	101,641	
Silver		8,935	7,337	
Molybdenum		602	3,742	
Gold		(773)	781	
Zinc		(2)		
Total gross revenue		358,024	376,609	
Less: treatment and selling costs		(16,656)	(20,733)	
Less: pricing and volume adjustments		(1,471)	(20,280)	
Revenue	\$	339,897 \$	335,596	

Pricing and volume adjustments represent mark-to-market adjustments on initial estimates of provisionally priced sales, offsetting realized and unrealized changes to fair value for time swaps, and adjustments to originally invoiced weights and assays.

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19. Loss Per Share

Loss per share, calculated on a basic and diluted basis, is as follows:

	Т	Three months ended March 31		
		2024	2023	
Loss per share				
Basic and diluted		(0.01)	(0.03)	
Net earnings (loss)				
Net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareholders - basic and diluted	\$	(4,837) \$	(20,002)	
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic and diluted		728,558,632	691,818,526	
Potentially dilutive securities excluded (as anti-dilutive)				
Stock options		4,085,564	5,658,922	
TSUP units		3,801,605	2,718,041	

For periods where the Company records a loss, Capstone Copper calculates diluted loss per share using the basic weighted average number of shares. If the diluted weighted average number of shares were used, the result would be a further reduction in the loss per share.

20. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

The changes in non-cash working capital items are composed as follows:

	Thre	Three months ended March 31,			
		2024	2023		
Receivables	\$	(18,616) \$	23,958		
Inventories		(5,706)	(13,664)		
Other assets		285	(8,084)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,453	(13,410)		
Other liabilities		5,757	(27,617)		
Net change in non-cash working capital	\$	(14,827) \$	(38,817)		

The changes in other non-cash items are composed as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,				
	2	2024	2023		
VAT receivable	\$	218 \$			
Other non-current assets		(451)	265		
Other non-current liabilities		(674)	643		
Net change in other non-cash items	\$	(907) \$	908		

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Depreciation and depletion expense

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

Below is a reconciliation of depreciation in operating cash-flows in the consolidated statement of cash-flows to the Mineral Properties. Plant and Equipment (Note 8):

	Three months ended March 3		
	2024	2023	
Depreciation and depletion per mineral properties, plant and equipment (Note			
8)	67,058	55,219	
Depreciation included in general and administrative expense	88	138	
Depreciation included in care and maintenance	962	98	
Non-cash inventory recovery of write-down	(334)	_	
Change in depreciation and depletion capitalized to inventory, capitalized			
stripping and construction in progress	1,797	(10,176)	

Below is a reconciliation of additions in investing cash-flows in the consolidated statement of cash-flows to the Mineral Properties, Plant and Equipment (Note 8):

69,571 \$

45,279

	Three months ended March 31,			
		2024	2023	
Additions / expenditures on mining interests (Note 8)		(169,991)	(209,378)	
Lease additions (Note 12)		46,728	8,530	
Changes in working capital and other items (i)		4,937	14,200	
Expenditures on mining interests (ii)	\$	(118,326) \$	(186,648)	

- i. The changes in working capital relate to the movement in accounts payable and prepayments related primarily to capital expenditures on the MVDP.
- ii. Includes \$21.6 million of capitalized finance costs for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (2023 \$12.3 million).

21. Commitments

Royalty Agreements

Under the terms of the December 2003 option agreement with Grupo Minera Bacis S.A. de C.V. ("Bacis"), Capstone Mining assumed a 100% interest in the Cozamin mine with a 3% net smelter royalty paid to Bacis on all payable metal sold from production on the property covered by the agreement.

In connection with the financing of the Mantos Blancos Debottlenecking Development Project, Mantos Copper S.A. entered into a royalty agreement with Southern Cross Royalties Limited ("Southern Cross"). Southern Cross is entitled to a 1.525% net smelter royalty on copper production. The royalty is for a period initially through January 1, 2035 that may be extended by Southern Cross at its sole discretion through the duration of the mining rights and is subject to the Company's option to reduce the royalty amount by 50% any time after January 1, 2023, subject to a one-time payment.

Agreement with Osisko Bermuda Limited ("Osisko")

Pursuant to a long-term streaming agreement made in 2015, that covers the life of mine, the Company delivers 100% of the payable silver sold by Mantos Blancos to Osisko Bermuda Limited ("Osisko"). Osisko pays a cash price of 8% of the spot price at the time of each delivery, in addition to an upfront acquisition price previously paid. After 19.3 million ounces of silver have been delivered under the agreement, the stream will be reduced to 40%. Mantos Blancos has delivered 5.8 million silver ounces since contract inception until March 31, 2024.

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Agreement with Jetti Resources, LLC ("Jetti")

Under the terms of the 2019 agreement, the Company is required to make quarterly royalty payments to Jetti based on an additional net profits calculation resulting from cathode production at the Pinto Valley mine. The initial term of the agreement is ten years, renewable for 5-year terms thereafter.

Off-take agreements

The Company has sales commitments of copper concentrate production at Mantos Blancos under off-take agreements with Glencore.

The Company has sales commitments equal to 100% of its copper cathode production at Mantoverde and Mantos Blancos under off-take agreements with Anglo American Marketing Limited ("AAML") and expect to deliver into the commitments by the end of 2024.

The Company has concentrate off-take agreements with third parties whereby they will purchase 100% of the copper concentrate produced by the Cozamin mine up to the end of December 2024.

The Company has a number of annual and multi-year concentrate off-take agreements with third parties whereby they will purchase the copper concentrate produced by the Pinto Valley Mine.

The Company entered into an off-take agreement with Boliden Commercial AB ("Boliden") for 75,000 tonnes of copper concentrates in each contract year. The off-take agreement expires ten years after the commencement of commercial production at the MVDP, subject to potential extension if less than 750 thousand tonnes of copper concentrates have been delivered at the contract term and subject to termination if commercial production does not commence by December 31, 2024.

MMC agreed to provide a \$60 million COF in exchange for additional off-take of copper concentrate production under a 10-year contract. The off-take agreement includes Mantoverde agreeing to sell 30% of its annual copper production per year delivered for its equivalent in copper concentrates, plus an additional amount of 30,000 tonnes of copper concentrate as a result of fully utilizing the COF that was provided by MMC in connection with the MVDP. The agreement between MMC and Mantoverde to sell 30% of its annual copper production is for the duration of the Mantoverde commercial mine life. The amount payable for copper is based on average LME prices, subject to certain terms (Note 11).

Other

The Company has contractual agreements extending until 2026 and 2033 to purchase water for operations at Mantos Blancos.

The Company has contractual agreements for the purchase of power for operations at Mantos Blancos and Mantoverde, extending until 2038 and 2039, respectively. The Company also entered into a contractual agreement for access to a power transmission plant for the Santo Domingo project, for a period of 12 years from the date the transmission facility construction was completed, in Q4 2023.

The Company has contractual arrangements at Mantos Blancos and Mantoverde for the purchase of 290,000 tonnes of acid during the remainder of 2024, 100,000 tonnes in 2025 and 100,000 tonnes in 2026.

The Company has provided a guarantee to the Chilean Internal Revenue Service that all VAT amounts refunded, plus interest, will be repaid if construction of the Santo Domingo development project is not completed by August 31, 2026.

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22. Other Expense

Details are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,					
		2024	2023			
Gold stream obligation	\$	(600) \$	_			
Restructuring costs		(412)	(590)			
Care and maintenance expense		(1,074)	_			
Gain on disposal of MPP&E		1,263	200			
Miscellaneous other expense		(3,457)	(2,326)			
Total other expense	\$	(4,280) \$	(2,716)			

23. Finance Income and Costs

Details of finance income and costs are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,			
		2024	2023	
Interest income	\$	1,646 \$	1,381	
Interest on RCF		(8,417)	(2,053)	
Interest on MVDP facility		(10,899)	(9,829)	
Interest on shareholder loans and COF		(3,960)	(1,255)	
Lease liability interest (i)		(1,008)	(627)	
Accretion of deferred revenue		(2,344)	(2,451)	
Accretion on decommissioning & restoration provisions		(2,296)	(2,274)	
Accretion on payable on purchase of NCI		(522)	(497)	
Accretion on Minto obligation		(503)	_	
Amortization of financing fees		(175)	(267)	
Other interest expense		(1,554)	(1,613)	
Sub-total	\$	(30,032) \$	(19,485)	
Less finance costs capitalized on construction in progress		21,550	11,603	
Total finance cost, net	\$	(8,482) \$	(7,882)	

i. A portion of accretion on leases has been capitalized to Construction in Progress related to the MVDP.

Finance income (expense) are as follows:

	Th	Three months ended March 31,				
		2024	2023			
Finance income	\$	1,647 \$	1,381			
Finance cost		(10,129)	(9,263)			
Total finance cost, net	\$	(8,482) \$	(7,882)			

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023
(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

24. Segmented Information

The Company is engaged in mining, exploration and development of mineral properties, and has operating mines in the US, Chile and Mexico. The Company has six reportable segments as identified by the individual mining operations of Pinto Valley (US), Mantos Blancos (Chile), Mantoverde (Chile), Cozamin (Mexico), as well as the Santo Domingo development project (Chile) and Other. Early stage exploration, other and corporate operations are reported in the Other segment. Intercompany revenue and expense amounts have been eliminated within each segment in order to report on the basis that management uses internally for evaluating segment performance. Total assets and liabilities do not reflect intercompany balances, which have been eliminated on consolidation. Segments are operations reviewed by the CEO, who is considered to be the chief operating decision maker.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

			Three months	s ended Ma	rch 31, 2024	ļ.			
	Pinto	Mantos		Santo					
	Valley	Blancos	Mantoverde	Cozamin	Domingo	Other	Total		
Revenue									
Copper concentrate	\$117,947	\$ 78,905	\$ —	\$ 48,285	\$ —	\$	245,137		
Copper cathode	5,682	15,217	83,226	_	_	_	104,125		
Silver	1,445	186	_	7,304	_	_	8,935		
Molybdenum	602	_	_	_	_	_	602		
Gold	(773)	_	_	_	_	_	(773)		
Zinc	_	_	_	(2)	_	_	(2)		
Treatment and selling costs	(9,490)	(3,863)	(516)	(2,787)	_	_	(16,656)		
Pricing and volume adjustments									
(i)	3,315	(2,336)	83	76	_	(2,609)	(1,471)		
Net revenue	118,728	88,109	82,793	52,876	_	(2,609)	339,897		
Production costs	(75,757)	(67,154)	(80,712)	(25,413)	_	_	(249,036)		
Royalties	(552)	(2,203)	(827)	(1,018)	_	_	(4,600)		
Depletion and amortization	(20,966)	(20,260)	(16,739)	(10,223)	_	_	(68,188)		
Income (loss) from mining									
operations	21,453	(1,508)	(15,485)	16,222	_	(2,609)	18,073		
General and administrative expenses	(16)	_	_	(33)	(24)	(5,832)	(5,905)		
Exploration expenses	_	_	_	(5)	(15)	(290)	(310)		
Share-based compensation expense	_	_	_	_	_	(7,127)	(7,127)		
Income (loss) from operations	21,437	(1,508)	(15,485)	16,184	(39)	(15,858)	4,731		
Realized and unrealized gains									
(losses) on derivative instruments	_	_	4,673	_	_	(8,411)	(3,738)		
Other (expense) income - net	(1,036)	2,509	7,019	(309)	(437)	716	8,462		
Net finance (costs) income	(1,128)	(1,524)	(616)	(2,328)	(521)	(2,365)	(8,482)		
Income (loss) before income taxes	19,273	(523)	(4,409)	13,547	(997)	(25,918)	973		
Income tax (expense) recovery	(2,684)	(637)	1,313	(4,010)	_	(721)	(6,739)		
Total net income (loss)	\$ 16,589	\$ (1,160)	\$ (3,096)	\$ 9,537	\$ (997)	\$ (26,639) \$	(5,766)		
Mineral properties, plant &									
equipment additions	\$ 14,839	\$ 25,922	\$ 116,406	\$ 6,558	\$ 5,163	\$ 1,103 \$	169,991		

- i. Included in pricing and volume adjustments are realized and unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's quotational pricing copper contracts.
- ii. Intersegment sales and transfers are eliminated in the table above. For the three months ended March 31, 2024, intersegment revenue for Cozamin and the Other segment was \$2.8 million and \$0.3 million (2023 \$2.5 million and \$0.2 million), respectively.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

(tabular amounts expressed in thousands of US dollars, except share and per share amounts)

	Three months ended March 31, 2023							
	Pinto	Mantos			Santo			
	Valley	Blancos	Mantoverde	Cozamin	Domingo	Other	Total	
Revenue								
Copper concentrate	\$ 122,004	\$ 92,707	\$ —	\$ 48,397 \$	S — \$	— \$	263,108	
Copper cathode	5,453	33,190	62,998	_	_	_	101,641	
Silver	1,352	524	_	5,461	_	_	7,337	
Molybdenum	3,742	_	_	_	_	_	3,742	
Gold	781	_	_		_	_	781	
Treatment and selling costs	(9,392)	(7,854)	(928)	(2,559)	_	_	(20,733)	
Pricing and volume adjustments	113	(2,412)	(1,101)	(679)	_	(16,201)	(20,280)	
Net revenue	124,053	116,155	60,969	50,620	_	(16,201)	335,596	
Production costs	(82,256)	(75,756)	(63,592)	(18,777)	_	_	(240,381)	
Royalties	(319)	(1,775)	_	(856)	_	_	(2,950)	
Depletion and amortization	(21,510)	(12,829)	(7,657)	(5,883)	_	_	(47,879)	
Income (loss) from mining operations	19,968	25,795	(10,280)	25,104	_	(16,201)	44,386	
General and administrative expenses	(20)	_	_	(23)	(35)	(5,564)	(5,642)	
Exploration expenses	_	_	_	(11)	(38)	(1,150)	(1,199)	
Share-based compensation expense		_	_			(12,018)	(12,018)	
Income (loss) from operations	19,948	25,795	(10,280)	25,070	(73)	(34,933)	25,527	
Unrealized and realized gain on								
derivative instruments	_	_	(20,239)	_	_	(24,596)	(44,835)	
Other (expense) income - net	(436)	(6,199)	(5,828)	1,166	(96)	(585)	(11,978)	
Net finance costs	(772)	(1,631)	(71)	(2,238)	(559)	(2,611)	(7,882)	
Income (loss) before income taxes	18,740	17,965	(36,418)	23,998	(728)	(62,725)	(39,168)	
Income tax (expense) recovery	(1,822)	(4,402)	11,111	(5,003)	_	10,334	10,218	
Total net income (loss)	\$ 16,918	\$ 13,563	\$ (25,307)	\$ 18,995 \$	(728) \$	(52,391) \$	(28,950)	
Mineral properties, plant & equipment additions	10,429	23,246	162,086	9,739	3,878	<u> </u>	209,378	

	As at March 31, 2024										
	Pinto Valley	Mantos Blancos	N	lantoverde	(Cozamin		Santo Domingo		Other	Total
Mineral properties, plant and equipment	\$ 753,440	\$1,008,676	\$	2,900,688	\$	258,530	\$	458,756	\$	2,582	\$5,382,672
Total assets	\$ 887,402	\$1,126,995	\$	3,131,022	\$	307,436	\$	490,310	\$	54,979	\$5,998,144
Total liabilities	\$ 229,893	\$ 330,123	\$	1,419,577	\$	232,014	\$	61,841	\$	404,583	\$2,678,031

	As at December 31, 2023									
	Pinto	Mantos	Santo							
	Valley	Blancos	Mantoverde	Cozamin	Domingo	Other	Total			
Mineral properties, plant										
and equipment	\$ 758,846	\$1,008,874	1 \$ 2,803,818	\$ 259,245	\$ 453,908	\$ 1,566	\$5,286,257			
Total assets	\$ 876,456	\$1,133,560	\$ 3,018,904	\$ 302,805	\$ 490,671	\$ 51,519	\$5,873,915			
Total liabilities	\$ 232,368	\$ 337,665	\$ 1,358,651	\$ 109,055	\$ 18,415	\$ 751,639	\$2,807,793			